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CHICO, CALIF.

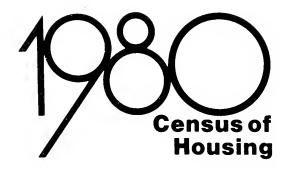
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VOLUME 2

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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

CHICO, CALIF.

HC80-2-120

Issued November 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce
Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Attairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total popula tion of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census desig nated place). Appendix B provides detinitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix E summarizes the data dissemina tion program of the 1980 census

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

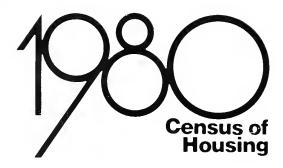
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

CHICO, CALIF.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-120

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Arrangement of Tables	Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear
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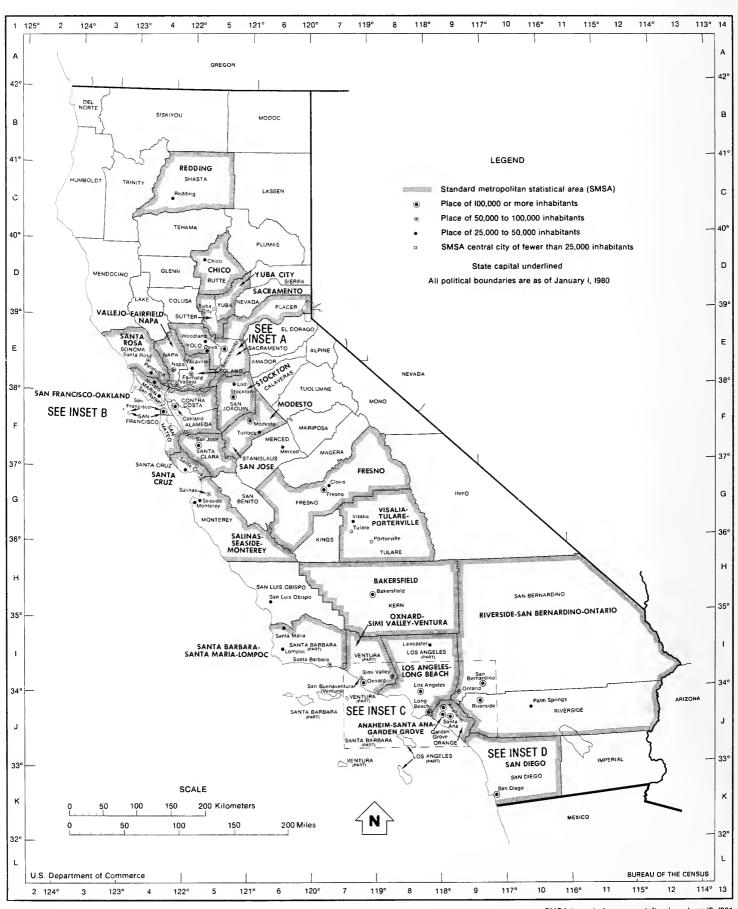
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Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
	Value	Gross rent	housing units	housing units	nousing units	nousing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS						
Condominium	1	2	3	4	5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Rooms	1	2	_	_	5 5	6
Persons in unit	1	2	_	_	5	-
Median rooms	i	2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Units in structure	_	2	_	-	_	_
Year structure built	1	2	_	-	5	6
Stories in structure	-	2	_	_	-	_
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS			_			
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	-
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS		_	_		_	
Heating equipment	1	2	3	4	5 5	6
Air conditioning	1	2	3	4	j	-
House heating fuel	_ [_	3	4	5	6
Water heating fuel	-	-	_	_	-	-
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	-	-		_	5	6
Price asked		-	****	_	****	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs			3		_	_
Selected monthly owner costs as	_	_	3	_		
percentage of household income		_	_	_	5	6
Contract rent	-	- 1	_	4	-	
Gross rent	-	-	_	4	-	-
Rent asked	-		_	-	_	-
household income	_	2	_	4	_	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly		_				
owner costs as percentage of	i					
household income	1	-	3	_	-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	1	2	_		_	_
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14	15	16	17	18	19
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and						
Aleut	36	37	38	39	40	41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47	48	49	50	51	52

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8		-		-	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	99	10	 -	12 - 12 12	13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 -	_ _ _	9 -	-	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - - -	- - - - -		12 - - -	
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value			9 –	_ _ _		- 12	
monthly owner costs	_	_ 	9		11		*****
Gross rent			9	_	11 -	12	
household income	_		9	10	11	_	
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of							
householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	9	=	11 11	_	
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	or all househ oup comprises	olds. Similar o 10 percent o	data are showr f the area pop	in the tables lister ulation. For furthe	d below when there explanation, see	are 10,000 or i the Introduction	more persons of n on page VII.
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35		-
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68		

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



Corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units have been made to some of the areas shown in this report. These corrections can be found in the correction note in PC80-1-A1, Number of Inhabitants, United States Summary; the PC80-1-B, General Population Characteristics; HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics Individual State reports, and the United States Summary.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

	: 		

Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]												
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 ta \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	25 340	261	975	1 753	2 603	3 913	3 963	6 805	2 683	1 871	513	57 400	62 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	18 805 3 365 3 514 3 232 6 977 4 717 2 008 166 564 283 468 527 4 527 106 470 470 470 1238 2 199 54.5	114 - 5 2 41 41 66 32 - 8 17 7 115 - 9 98 69.4	546 10 31 42 161 1302 88 6 14 7 7 27 34 341 - 13 9 9 250 67.8	1 054 6 91 1 113 337 507 175 - 18 40 22 95 524 - 37 14 162 311 65.7	1 694 47 275 217 642 513 226 6 57 23 51 89 683 15 59 172 387 58.8	2 609 1229 586 348 862 684 452 116 1181 24 98 133 852 115 115 115 384 54.2	3 047 71 687 406 1 038 845 287 48 111 45 60 23 629 22 85 86 125 311 52.8	5 371 77 1 144 926 2 058 1 166 513 62 107 91 139 114 46 132 150 301 292 51.3	2 309 13 346 597 970 383 108 20 40 25 13 10 266 7 7 21 39 93 106 50.6	1 618 12 264 440 683 219 127 8 36 20 41 122 126 17 70 31 47.6	443 -85 141 185 32 - - - - - - - - 18 23 29 45.9	61 200 49 300 70 500 63 700 52 800 50 900 61 600 53 700 61 600 53 000 46 100 62 500 46 100 62 500 41 100 41 100	66 100 53 600 66 900 76 500 68 900 55 100 54 400 63 900 55 600 58 300 55 500 60 100 51 200 64 500 64 500 64 500 64 500 64 500
1979 to March 1980	3 843 7 395 4 934 5 031 4 137	54 22 46 78 61	13 157 189 258 358	95 375 333 376 574	251 689 456 625 582	540 1 214 667 803 689	588 1 213 828 679 655	1 454 2 081 1 233 1 256 781	439 873 637 556 728	317 627 447 347 133	92 194 98 53 76	64 400 60 300 59 200 54 200 46 900	69 100 66 300 64 800 59 000 51 100
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	1 136 4 229 8 362 6 929 2 947 1 737 5.4	120 96 31 14 - 3.6	132 398 291 114 22 18 4.4	250 643 547 259 35 19 4.5	192 723 1 107 470 86 25 4.8	146 856 1 720 915 193 83 5.1	138 611 1 704 1 063 300 147 5 2	136 723 2 142 2 502 983 319 5.7	6 104 521 995 639 418 6.2	16 54 280 483 563 475 6 7	21 19 114 126 233 7 3	33 800 42 800 52 300 64 600 77 300 91 300	36 800 44 800 54 800 67 300 84 500 103 400
BEDROOMS None	107 1 301 9 367 12 056 2 209 300	37 90 98 27 9	205 538 207 15	12 280 971 447 43	13 : 238 : 1 353 : 890 : 104 : 5 :	11 167 1 738 1 834 131 32	15 140 1 642 1 918 221 27	19 149 2 118 3 835 633 51	- 11 537 1 583 499 53	21 333 1 036 390 91	- 39 279 164 31	31 700 33 300 49 900 63 200 76 400 85 400	34 700 36 700 52 500 68 000 86 500 100 900
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	4 499 2 716 5 715 5 651 3 232 3 527	37 9 54 57 40 64	35 34 83 144 237 442	50 124 182 398 425 574	198 118 516 678 556 537	583 234 880 927 640 649	492 394 990 1 117 484 486	1 671 783 1 741 1 603 584 423	671 525 728 444 117	562 410 454 221 99 125	200 85 87 62 50 29	70 800 72 300 61 400 54 900 45 700 41 700	77 300 77 200 65 800 58 200 49 600 45 700
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare Median Median	2 622 3 909 2 171 2 057 4 116 3 234 4 069 2 115 1 047 \$17 261 \$20 657	123 77 21 15 6 5 8 6 \$5 329 \$8 857	278 375 86 81 84 8 32 31 - \$7 751 \$9 779	452 432 213 111 262 138 108 108 24 \$9 920 \$12 423	424 607 302 263 395 261 193 114 44 \$12 239 \$14 901	456 776 468 449 702 459 464 114 25 \$13 928 \$15 445	305 589 366 438 745 654 592 239 35 \$16 799 \$18 183	400 : 755 : 509 479 1 276 1 113 1 424 624 225 \$19 940 \$22 608	104 166 142 171 352 392 687 499 170 \$25 140 \$27 486	72 99 55 46 228 185 473 365 348 \$30 166 \$36 197	8 33 9 4 66 24 91 108 170 \$37,736 \$45,277	40 600 45 300 49 900 51 900 58 000 61 700 68 600 78 000 99 100	43 600 48 700 52 600 54 300 61 800 64 400 73 600 109 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not camputed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not camputed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 35 percent or more Not camputed Median	15 551 4 316 7 940 2 258 1 609 1 165 3 118 145 21 0 9 789 4 958 2 131 945 541 383 188 410 233 10—	21 12 3 3 6 6 10— 240 99 31 45 5 11 18 8 8 18 19 6	264 68 322 87 100 16 51 11 239 745 108 29 17 17 17 11 11 11 11 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	698 178 1355 91 66 658 1577 133 21 6 1053 437 249 1100 101 62 26 26 11 7	1 188 331 2211 222 69 85 268 271 1 1 415 648 336 6109 83 59 9	2 324 614 4555 299 295 173 477 16 71 4 1 589 204 107 55 30 71 11	2 577 709 442 349 376 211 530 10 71 9 1 386 750 779 141 75 60 10 10 10	4 738 1 311 918 638 494 345 976 20 9 2 067 1 189 386 381 43 43 47	1 971 556 406 299 202 2131 349 20 7 712 420 180 332 17 11 12 10 15 5	1 436 462 260 728 117 124 225 20 19 7 435 289 82 17 16 4 13	334 75 78 45 30 22 84 21 6 179 35 5	62 800 63 800 62 800 61 800 61 800 61 800 61 800 61 800 61 800 61 800 44 700 44 700 45 800 45 800 45 800	67 700 66 500 68 500 68 500 68 100 68 100 68 500 94 700 94 700 94 700 94 700 94 700 94 700 94 700 94 700 94 700 94 700
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearling equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Parcent below poverty level	25 308 538 32 25 323 18 618 19 396 12 690 1 967 7 8	743 16 261 78 103 73 89 34 1	975 13 975 476 528 51 173 17.7	1 747 54 6 1 746 925 1 028 270 294 16 8	2 393 93 10 2 393 1 566 3 667 623 240 9 7	3 933 129 3 933 2 815 3 765 1 210 368 9 4	3 963 100 3 963 2 894 3 013 1 804 246 6 2	6 803 5 581 2 634 4 454 343 5 0	2 683 28 2 683 2 270 2 463 2 198 113 4 3	1 871 26 1 871 500 1 713 1 604 66 4 6	313 424 479 463 13 2 V	57 500 48 800 13 000 57 400 61 900 70 700 43 700	62 600 51 505 17 900 62 500 50 50 64 800 74 700 48 900

Table A=2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimot	es pasea on o	sumple, see ii	moduciion. R	or meaning or	symbols, see n	inodoction. Fi	or definitions o	i territs, see o	pendixes A di	u o j	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	19 612	835	2 416	3 784	4 216	3 487	1 573	1 158	1 009	362	772	228
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	5 861 901 2 436 911 957 656 6 169 2 654 2 135 393 495 492 7 582 2 720 1 895 582 916 1 469 2 2,3	98 4 55 20 11 8 88 288 49 56 12 50 121 449 85 34 87 241 61.1	477 61 190 555 655 106 898 341 291 61 81 124 1 041 366 209 46 163 257 29.8	923 207 355 140 124 97 1 276 602 397 73 102 102 1 585 622 337 89 149 388 28.4	1 160 259 493 155 137 116 1 308 516 554 65 127 46 1 748 596 575 147 247 183 28.2	1 171 235 509 105 212 110 1 083 470 449 73 65 26 1 233 451 349 138 151 144 28.8	583 331 301 1055 96 48 457 234 1555 47 9 12 533 222 171 68 533 19 28.9	472 36 246 126 46 18 370 227 122 7 9 5 316 155 77 15 10 59 27.8	466 54 167 94 122 29 200 118 46 21 15 	169	342 12 64 50 97 119 200 30 46 31 37 56 230 10 27 148 55.4	254 230 259 273 276 220 218 231 225 221 198 142 217 223 229 229 225 221 171
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	11 656 5 828 1 248 607 273	277 355 150 36 17	1 112 907 246 108 43	2 240 1 151 253 118 22	2 656 1 177 216 152 15	2 160 1 116 131 54 26	1 148 377 31 17	800 325 28 5	768 184 40 17	272 55 15 - 20	223 181 138 100 130	239 217 190 197 166
ROOMS	922 2 290 3 774 6 299 3 934 1 695 698 3.9	64 214 295 192 57 13 - 3.0	336 449 636 602 264 79 50 3.2	329 647 1 304 1 020 366 97 21 3.2	129 632 979 1 580 646 168 82 3.7	11 192 349 1 772 920 212 31 4.2	4 68 74 576 531 217 103 4.6	12 20 211 472 337 106 5.2	7 14 132 386 353 117 5.4	16 87 159 100 6.0	49 69 103 198 205 60 88 4.3	153 187 187 241 279 355 358
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	19 612 19 166 11 242 6 987 547 390 446 117 315	835 783 557 151 46 29 52 28 24	2 416 2 252 1 467 655 47 83 164 37 122	3 784 3 645 2 145 1 319 95 86 139 115	4 216 4 201 2 557 1 409 138 97 15 7	3 487 3 460 2 186 1 130 94 50 27 20 7	1 573 1 573 785 705 56 27 - - -	1 158 1 150 525 603 16 6 8 - 8	1 009 1 009 397 570 35 7 - -	362 358 124 230 4 - 4 - 4	772 735 499 215 16 5 37 10 27	228 229 223 244 235 197 149 144 150 -
Income in 1979 below poverty level	5 887 5 657 421 230 14	253 222 36 31	8 94 796 50 98 5	1 303 1 226 110 77 9	1 154 1 154 112 -	1 049 1 049 75 —	403 403 27 -	343 335 - 8	222 222 7 —	112 112 4 -	154 138 - 16 -	216 220 206 148 182
BEDROOMS None	1 176 5 913 8 714 3 033 627 149	87 504 205 39 - -	455 1 031 716 177 18 19	397 1 983 1 163 205 30 6	150 1 580 2 063 387 36	26 483 2 607 351 20	9 104 938 445 59 18	19 418 558 144 19	- 16 280 474 226 13	43 181 77 61	52 193 281 216 17 13	151 186 251 328 399 446
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detoched or attached 2	8 301 1 318 2 521 1 512 3 107 1 822 1 031	294 74 107 77 164 85 34	915 106 333 190 319 364 189	1 310 222 502 366 770 375 239	1 378 241 563 467 912 466 189	1 385 252 599 195 630 335 91	812 126 180 100 171 109 75	711 101 142 65 67 37 35	746 120 65 18 35 12	276 40 12 13 15 -	474 36 18 21 24 39 160	251 250 229 211 215 209 189
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 915 2 940 3 860 3 426 2 663 2 808	141 121 142 70 113 248	375 345 420 363 422 491	686 454 694 792 571 587	824 751 983 740 414 504	774 661 762 482 508 300	389 259 264 300 194 167	260 137 201 326 143 91	320 91 151 166 100 181	74 20 85 71 40 72	72 101 158 116 158 167	244 232 232 224 216 200
\$TORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3 4 or more With elevator	19 599 13	835	2 416	3 784 -	4 210 6	3 487	1 566 7 7	1 158	1 009	362	772	227 304 325
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	2 337 2 362 2 331 2 028 1 609 3 181 4 541 1 223 30.4	230 93 256 109 35 48 45 19 21.7	397 312 329 266 181 446 456 29	561 408 386 387 262 666 1 004 110 31.8	549 565 438 535 344 650 1 019 116 29.7	375 437 464 294 333 493 982 109 31.3	131 198 192 161 200 263 399 29	40 178 156 138 116 235 276 19	46 146 89 97 102 248 269 12 36.4	8 25 21 41 36 132 91 8 41.2	772	199 233 222 225 247 234 236 231
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system	19 544 14 190 15 062 6 227	806 528 573 163	2 404 1 486 1 665 525	3 767 2 409 2 863 689	4 216 3 084 3 373 1 093	3 487 2 871 2 797 1 566	1 573 1 277 1 214 708	1 158 962 899 477	1 009 814 823 558	362 306 296 194	762 453 559 254	228 240 232 266

Table A-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

						ousehold incor		ion. Tor den		ms, see append	acs A die d	,	
The SMSA				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	450.000			Income in 1979 below
	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$50,000 or more	(dollars)	(dollars)	poverty level
Cwnor-occupied housing units	36 327	4 187	6 441	3 387	2 917	5 625	4 315	5 286	2 720	1 449	16 026	19 694	3 004
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	26 268 492 4 311 4 205 9 921	1 221 16 144 70 449	3 815 42 275 217 880	2 329 85 336 159 765	2 163 81 328 248 733	4 600 100 931 593 1 756	3 652 78 953 751 1 322	4 658 49 896 1 179 2 063	2 495 41 310 626 1 307	1 335 	18 848 15 948 20 634 25 394 21 352	22 571 18 445 22 250 29 509 25 189	1 285 25 213 133 537
65 years and over	7 339 3 151 229 773 420 845 884 6 908	542 578 29 116 29 123 281 2 388	2 401 646 54 71 34 172 315	984 364 40 90 12 103 119 694	773 238 34 81 21 79 23 516	1 220 455 4 164 106 107 74 570	548 382 42 120 79 97 44 281	471 330 26 94 74 114 22 298	211 107 - 24 55 28	189 51 - 13 10 22 6 63	11 846 12 414 11 969 16 113 20 364 13 275 7 735 7 548	15 522 15 146 13 822 17 081 21 861 16 724 9 097 10 830	377 362 51 98 29 67 117 1 357
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Median age	151 627 739 1 914 3 477 56.4	37 137 76 545 1 593 67.3	39 127 161 495 1 158 67.6	28 61 100 214 291 62.0	28 88 93 163 144 58.4	6 90 134 187 153 53.0	42 69 119 51 45.4	55 83 132 28 46.6	13 15 23 38 29 47.8	12 21 30 50.7	9 954 12 029 13 374 9 177 5 538	10 874 19 421 14 951 11 655 7 948	58 159 92 411 637 60.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	6 000 11 633 7 309 6 406 4 979	527 1 127 800 852 881	812 1 789 1 335 1 256 1 249	525 1 239 654 496 473	540 1 026 592 401 358	1 033 1 921 995 982 694	822 1 514 903 633 443	1 052 1 841 1 082 942 369	467 794 617 523 269	222 382 331 271 243	17 523 16 556 16 410 15 939 11 900	21 280 19 375 20 188 20 012 17 393	479 919 581 580 445
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for oxclusive uso 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Hearting equipment Centrol heoting system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available	36 113 875 214 62 36 310 26 567 27 583 18 414 35 052 9 771	4 128 40 59 3 4 180 2 634 2 808 1 352 3 423 2 235	6 392 78 49 - 6 441 4 412 4 473 2 488 6 081 2 992 3 089	3 350 91 37 21 3 377 2 491 2 369 1 509 3 331 1 178 2 153	2 909 57 8 - 2 917 2 050 2 220 1 263 2 894 812 2 082	5 613 130 12 6 5 625 4 057 4 302 2 878 5 587 1 246 4 341	4 299 162 16 10 4 315 3 316 3 347 2 475 4 304 537 3 767	5 286 223 5 286 4 257 4 389 3 392 5 270 519 4 751	2 694 64 26 15 2 720 2 061 2 346 1 898 2 713 159 2 554	1 442 30 7 7 7 1 449 1 329 1 159 1 449 93 1 356	16 067 21 265 9 932 20 250 16 033 16 986 17 140 19 477 16 510 9 491 19 740	19 729 22 172 13 775 24 228 19 700 20 931 21 043 23 617 20 189 12 149 23 296	2 954 76 50 3 2 997 1 749 1 930 1 012 2 667 1 390 1 277
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	25 281 36 310 21 829 2 987 6 014 110 5 370 5.2	1 188 4 180 2 695 394 574 8 509 4.4	6 441 3 976 662 822 31 950 4.7	2 133 3 377 2 159 271 454 30 463 4.9	2 917 1 723 271 398 15 510 5.1	5 625 3 281 379 1 001 	4 315 2 614 315 246 	5 286 3 111 392 1 016 10 757 5.8	2 720 1 507 175 558 6 474 6.1	1 449 763 128 445 10 103 6.4	16 033 15 531 14 036 18 858 11 333 16 092	19 700 18 841 20 320 23 502 17 424 18 637	2 997 1 808 288 350 8 543 4.7
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	23 340	2 011	3 707	2	2 00,								
OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	15 551 2 397 2 136 2 051 1 704 1 668 2 392 1 454 1 152 597 \$335	867 340 128 65 85 63 117 13 24 32 \$237	1 587 424 324 221 207 110 134 67 76 24 \$260	1 111 239 247 154 90 84 151 69 40 37 \$273	1 23) 226 234 166 143 175 161 77 39 10 \$297	2 791 438 368 349 347 358 491 242 168 30 \$335	2 318 258 334 340 280 235 446 229 148 48 \$341	3 262 298 377 416 279 422 602 445 311 112 \$381	1 647 136 98 285 153 162 220 224 206 163 \$397	737 38 26 55 120 59 70 88 140 141 \$501	20 345 13 475 17 003 20 836 19 108 20 332 21 075 24 811 25 743 27 480	23 574 16 786 18 546 23 002 23 343 23 906 23 003 30 175 33 286 37 982	906 249 42 81 96 98 132 28 31 49 \$288
Hot mortgaged. Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	9 789 579 1 983 2 892 2 074 1 073 833 254 101 \$95	1 755 268 569 503 248 64 81 17 5	2 322 156 725 733 389 136 135 41 7 \$85	56 189 367 258 114 48 28	13 196 259 188 90 64 - 16 \$95	46 121 383 392 241 127 15 \$107	108 250 287 109 128 25 25	7 40 247 132 174 134 68 5	22 21 114 121 96 70 24	2 14 36 59 49 46 51 53	5 572 7 592 11 431 14 368 18 020 18 036 26 250 50 915	8 499 10 140 14 260 17 574 21 534 21 220 34 223 46 216	184 326 48 51 65 12
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF MOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	15 551 4 316 2 940	667 7 13	1 567 10 82	1 111 24 126	1 231 79 202	2 791 512 531	2 318 734 548	3 262 1 377 880	1 647 1 003 443	737 570 115	20 345 30 040 24 630	23 574 37 145 26 621	900
15 to 19 percent	2 258 1 609 1 165 3 118 145 21 0	13 2 21 667 145 50 (109 196 177 1 013	231 194 - 96 - 440 - 29 5	789 170 209 282 26 1	503 455 320 470 23.5	411 299 180 146	568 742 126 69	102 45 20 25	33 6 6	9 260 250	16 490	43 43 43
Medion	9 789 4 958 2 131 945 541 383 188 410 23J	1 755 35 182 740 309 279 114 363 733 74.9	2 322 382 967 586 196 75 74 47	1 060 5,00 409 87 21 13	826 530 253 27 16	1 325 1 072 233 5 15	916 841 75	907 990 17	468 468	310 110	11 928 19 685 8 625 6 715 4 66 4 56 256	14 023 4 44° 1 4, 1 6 808 1 1 4 4 877 2 5 0	1 041 20 40 10 14 10 10 10 11

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

_					Н	ousehold inco	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dallors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	20 577	5 720	5 875	2 250	1 571	2 407	1 323	978	319	134	8 772	11 099	6 078
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	6 383 928 2 659 1 013 1 056 727 6 341 2 696 2 161 443 522 519 7 853 2 767 1 952 598 948	478 67 219 63 87 42 1 896 474 95 125 295 3 346 1 189 1 189 1 199 1	1 518 238 595 184 194 307 1 691 845 521 39 147 139 2 666 970 727 225 318	1 024 138 438 179 126 143 679 287 273 67 35 17 547 164 178 45	639 157 312 69 58 43 539 238 237 33 26 5 393 124 129 27 71	1 183 192 539 142 204 106 676 172 332 99 42 31 548 167 211 79 63	772 103 310 185 140 34 375 158 128 65 19 5 176 45 69 9	532 18 200 109 180 25 304 80 116 14 74 20 142 40 53 19 6	189 8 40 65 62 14 107 - 44 22 41 - 23 - 7 5	48 7 6 17 5 13 74 9 36 9 13 7 12 4 8	13 171 12 834 13 121 15 285 16 432 10 253 8 649 7 560 10 783 14 053 9 295 4 633 5 942 7 218 6 193	15 315 13 549 14 385 17 976 13 810 11 164 862 16 127 12 862 16 127 7 564 7 619 6 211 8 836 7 886	869 119 442 144 130 34 2 057 1 316 467 102 82 90 3 152 90 3 152 1 661 749 259 259
65 years and over	1 588 29.5	943 28.7	426 28.6	88 30.1	42 27.8	28 29.9	33 32.2	24 34.5	4 40.5	32.9	4 562	6 519	224 24.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	12 038 6 125 1 413 662 339	3 463 1 519 419 197 122	3 434 1 767 404 176 94	1 274 718 139 89 30	1 016 434 49 62 10	1 412 750 138 60 47	753 458 95 8	442 327 140 49 20	162 117 19 21	82 35 10 - 7	8 514 9 365 8 307 8 929 6 947	10 692 11 682 12 118 11 001 10 947	4 287 1 330 248 149 64
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	20 082 11 799 7 307 579 397 495 145 336	5 415 3 856 1 364 112 83 305 76 220	5 745 3 404 2 064 170 107 130 35 90 -	2 216 1 195 839 103 79 34 17	1 556 726 735 45 50 15 10	2 396 1 229 1 082 58 27 11 7 4	1 323 687 570 38 28 - -	978 426 499 35 18 - -	319 185 111 18 5 - -	134 91 43 - - - - - -	8 936 7 861 10 672 10 182 10 269 4 102 4 735 3 898 4 444	11 252 10 441 12 540 11 852 10 777 4 893 6 096 4 406 — 4 126	5 843 2 984 2 416 254 189 235 43 178 —
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	20 502 14 663 15 593 6 444 17 990 9 354 8 636 20 502 14 359 886 3 974 73 1 210 4.0	5 688 3 978 4 425 1 587 4 032 3 005 1 027 5 688 4 005 255 1 209 8 211 3.3	5 842 3 971 4 352 1 614 5 184 3 072 2 112 5 842 4 065 249 1 144 26 358 3.9	2 250 1 581 1 692 779 2 189 1 150 1 039 2 250 1 516 92 436 11 195 4.3	1 571 1 174 1 154 472 1 523 608 915 1 571 1 106 78 281 15 91	2 397 1 867 1 848 940 2 364 847 3 517 2 397 1 809 84 387 	1 323 1 008 977 493 1 288 261 1 027 1 323 937 54 199 5	978 735 786 393 964 276 688 978 628 49 222 8 71	319 251 238 121 319 73 246 319 225 9 58 - 27 4.8	134 98 121 45 127 62 65 134 68 16 38 - 12	8 791 9 156 8 757 10 067 9 771 7 360 12 883 8 791 8 845 8 185 8 032 10 568 10 462	11 118 11 415 11 190 12 198 11 944 9 494 14 597 11 118 10 954 11 776 10 975 12 813 12 946	6 024 4 380 4 517 1 743 4 939 2 821 2 118 6 024 4 255 280 1 239 1 33 237 3.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units	19 612	5 532	5 592	2 109	1 504	2 296	1 226	939	291	123	8 691	11 013	5 887
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	1 893 3 335 4 908 4 046 2 300 1 184 725 386 63 772 \$190	888 1 412 1 499 856 437 98 64 47 	659 1 142 1 593 1 061 584 231 93 51 178 \$177	77 291 489 571 271 153 86 46 9	75 157 319 365 238 114 96 78 9	67 154 616 544 346 310 124 49 25 61 \$223	71 102 212 339 206 110 83 55 14 34 \$234	27 46 118 202 157 138 130 38 2 81	21 24 49 75 33 15 42 18 - 14 \$225	8 7 13 33 28 15 7 4 4 4 \$245	5 351 5 946 7 824 10 464 11 190 14 912 15 794 14 071 17 411 9 290	7 647 7 713 9 553 12 241 13 371 15 988 18 127 16 135 19 211 11 805	577 1 240 1 484 1 057 711 341 145 155 23 154 \$181
GROSS RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent	835 2 416 3 784 4 216 3 487 1 573 1 158 1 009 362 772 \$228	525 1 098 1 459 1 048 744 199 112 98 18 231	182 881 1 250 1 354 920 412 233 150 32 178 \$213	19 155 345 505 456 187 147 147 32 116 \$248	31 110 168 343 321 178 114 114 72 53 \$260	33 98 292 520 484 284 246 198 80 61 \$267	29 42 138 243 307 138 152 75 68 34	4 15 82 144 168 110 141 160 34 81 \$307	12 9 43 36 68 34 2 55 18 14 \$269	- 8 7 23 19 31 11 12 8 4	4 356 5 501 6 514 8 936 10 436 12 346 14 408 14 901 16 406 9 290	6 545 6 924 8 505 10 604 12 146 14 709 15 362 17 662 18 487 11 805	253 894 303 154 1049 403 343 222 112 154 \$216
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	2 337 2 362 2 331 2 028 1 609 3 181 4 541 1 223 30.4	6 57 206 151 160 845 3 425 682 50+	111 323 629 891 746 1 680 1 034 178 35.1	119 264 379 458 356 352 65 116 27.6	187 270 425 176 178 203 12 53 23.2	479 730 494 290 140 97 5 61	572 389 142 56 29 4 - 34 15.3	506 290 56 6 - - 81 13.9	238 39 - - - 14 10—	119 - - - - - 4 10—	22 458 16 531 12 180 9 866 9 403 6 831 3 536 3 817	25 783 17 097 12 360 10 494 9 665 7 463 3 722 7 413	90 117 182 199 208 996 3 490 605 50+

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	footo die estimo	nes basea on a	sample, see intri	oduction. For m	eaning of symbo	ls, see Introduction	on. For definition	ins of terms, see	oppendixes A	and 8]	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	15 551	2 397	2 136	2 051	1 704	1 668	2 392	1 454	1 152	597	335
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	1 502 5 232 3 132 3 474 1 520 435 206 50 2.83	437 1 063 357 361 101 56 16 6 2.22	241 851 369 433 138 61 19 24 2.47	139 787 417 430 167 79 26 6	168 542 470 334 146 27 9 8 2.80	143 511 360 391 204 29 30 -	178 738 452 616 323 48 31 6	103 363 362 385 137 61 43	86 253 225 360 178 26 24 - 3.53	7 124 120 164 126 48 8	276 295 345 373 401 340 412 240
## HGUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple familles	12 224 319 3 284 2 927 4 342 1 1 352 2 1 333 1 147 504 244 297 140 1 995 96 441 438 613 407	1 596 51 196 241 717 391 190 14 27 27 32 51 66 611 7 7 95 63 238 208	1 659 19 291 348 7712 289 147 10 0 34 34 34 30 51 22 330 23 53 100 99 55 49.0	1 656 19 336 359 702 240 137 5 61 61 17 35 19 258 83 73 30 46.7	1 341 57 406 3100 444 127 156 16 91 17 19 13 207 12 60 43 55 37 40,9	1 335 44 443 342 418 88 185 25 25 98 31 31 31 48 46 46 46 46 17 38.7	1 951 71 716 467 577 120 233 39 96 48 35 15 208 11 82 24 44 47 24 37.5	1 210 37 437 331 356 49 148 19 32 43 5 96 13 23 14 22 24 38.2	943 21 309 3300 249 34 101 11 21 37 32 - 108 14 21 40 25 8	533 	345 365 397 380 305 249 360 409 370 392 330 209 261 308 314 284 235 198
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 026 5 714 3 362 2 659 790	149 499 631 775 343	213 507 653 607 156	164 687 655 454 91	253 782 371 230 68	386 758 276 222 26	740 1 095 344 185 28	477 603 178 145 51	384 544 175 28 21	260 239 79 13 6	441 325 280 246 217
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms	440 1 722 4 986 4 747 2 285 1 371 5.6	130 392 1 000 640 190 45 5.2	69 328 727 640 214 158 5 4	80 256 741 592 282 100 5.4	62 218 565 463 247 149 5.5	31 187 529 533 228 160 5.7	28 180 782 858 380 164 5.7	28 80 352 483 310 201 6 1	6 68 223 352 270 233 6 3	6 13 67 186 164 161 67	263 278 302 354 396 455
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	3 237 1 904 3 841 3 716 1 487 1 366	269 99 629 766 315 319	265 248 634 559 257 173	230 238 612 539 250 182	301 202 364 455 191 191	325 234 396 422 162 129	628 345 514 522 160 223	459 163 380 240 110	495 224 202 167 30 34	265 151 110 46 12 13	432 385 306 299 284 302
VALUE Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	21 264 698 1 188 2 324 2 577 4 738 1 971 1 436 334 \$62 800	19 188 260 363 539 443 467 90 28 -	50 149 260 401 392 635 171 73 5	2 17 172 169 301 441 620 209 108 12 \$57,800	-6 52 165 381 327 419 222 123 9	3 65 88 330 313 495 201 132 41 \$61 000	91 265 410 1 023 318 258 27 \$67 100	30 79 178 611 323 207 26 \$74 400	22 28 73 385 260 313 71 \$85 000	83 177 194 143 \$108 300	161 162 230 244 287 302 373 424 499 699
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	4 316 2 940 2 258 1 609 1 165 3 118 145 21 0	1 246 410 210 120 78 315 18 14 5	939 319 319 176 116 244 23	910 401 246 152 63 267 12 16 4	470 374 247 195 73 333 12 20 0	306 417 778 197 194 251 25 21 8	187 508 452 371 258 599 17 25 5	144 728 313 177 158 427 7 26 1	86 214 104 163 153 419 13	28 69 89 58 72 263 18 33 2	749 345 369 301 419 426 365
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-oir furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Hoor, wall, or pipelass furnace Other means Air canditalianing Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Sattled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	15 534 29 8 886 684 2 316 3 619 12 152 8 699 3 453 15 534 9 768 653 2 815 25 2 273	2 387 945 145 637 660 1 604 805 799 2 387 1 781 41 266	2 136 1 077 137 397 530 1 362 980 582 2 136 1 458 107 248	2 051 6 1 008 89 290 658 1 544 985 559 2 031 1 327 62 205	9.44 55 786 419 1 273 8.46 427 1 704 07 319 9	1 661 6 949 54 750 402 1 362 957 405 1 661 1 025 76 312 246	2 392 1 547 64 297 489 2 022 1 651 371 2 392 1 409 80 534 6 363	1 454 5 980 84 107 728 1 222 1 013 219 1 454 829 63 352 5	1 152 5 915 47 46 139 1 000 930 70 1 152 599 108 340 5	397 7 521 14 11 44 333 532 27 397 296 27 239	333 550 975 987 971 997 333 586 981 333 315 580 410 479 311

Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estimate:	s basea on a som	pie, see iliiioducii	on. For mediang	or symbols, see i	initiodoction. Total	definitions of Term	is, see oppendixes	S A GIRO UJ	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 789	579	1 983	2 892	2 074	1 073	833	254	101	95
PERSONS IN UNIT										
l person	2 539	329	766	758	418	_86	119	.42	21	81
2 persons	5 381 1 009	198 30	1 019 131	1 553 319	1 278	780 98	402	119 44	32 27	99 103 107 119
3 persons	542	16	67	166	222 77	65	138 108	36	7	103
5 persons	190			57	49	44	27	13	_	119
6 persons	63	-		32 7	13	-	18	-	.7	100
7 persons 8 or more persons	44 21	- 6	<u>-</u>	7	15	-	21	-	14	181 107
Median	1.94	1.38	1.72	1.94	1.98	2.08	2.24	2.21	2.42	107
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	/ 11									
Married-couple families	6 581	228	1 077	1 962	1 520	864	669	206	55	100
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	46 230	9	12 21	13 93	14 34	30	43	_		96 98
35 to 44 years	305	19	23	83	52	42	66	20	_	113
45 to 64 years	2 635	56	369	767	620	399	274	114	36	105 97
65 years and over	3 365	144 85	652 200	1 006	800	393	279	72	19	97
Male householder, no wife present	676 19	65	200	184	112	64	25 8	6		82 144
25 to 34 years	60	12	13	, š	27	3	_	_	_	100
35 to 44 years	39	. 8		9	11	11		-	-	100 106 82 79 85 104
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	171 387	14 51	64 123	28 137 !	36 38	18 1 26	11	- 6	-	82
Female householder, no husband present	2 532	266	706	746	442	145	139	42	46	85
15 to 24 years	10	_	4	_	6	_	_			104
25 to 34 years	29	9	,-	6	. 8	,6	-	-		98 102 92
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	76 625	64	17 134	20 170	10 114	11 53	77	- 6	18	102
65 years and over	1 792	193	551	550	304	75	62	36	21	82
Median age	67.0	71.2	70.6	67.4	66.4	63.9	62.7	64,2	62.6	
								\ \		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	817	62 87	97 259	250	162	94	145 157	7	-	100
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 681 1 572	97	337	432 452	412 301	230 190	124	68 62	36	104 94
1960 to 1969	2 372	100	526	732	543	242	179	28	22	94
1959 or earlier	3 347	233	764	1 026	656	317	228	89	34	91
ROOMS										
						,				
1 to 3 rooms	696 2 507	209 222	246 752	127 837	68 448	1.6	40		-	64 83 94 110 123
4 rooms5 rooms	3 376	114	690	1 169	768	157 349	65 212	59	15	94
6 rooms	2 182	27	223	609	565 175	388	253	26 59 89	28	110
7 rooms	662	7	53	108	175	129	136	33	21	123
8 or more rooms	366 5.0	3.9	19 4.5	42 4.9	50 5.2	44 5.6	127 5.9	47 6.0	37 6.9	161
	3.0	3.7	4.5	4.7	3.2	3.0	3.7	0.0	0.7	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980	1 262	39	109	310	309	228	187	50	30	114
1970 to 1974	812	35	162	157	143	139	121	55		109
1960 to 1969	1 874 1 935	64 89	290 375	532 597	538 407	214 228	171 156	34 49	31 34	102
1940 to 1949	1 745	151	447	590	295	148	84	24	6	96 87
1939 or earlier	2 161	201	600	706	382	116	114	42	-	85
VALUE										
	0.0		70				,,			4,1
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	240 711	87 185 .	78 272	44 164	11 38	42	16 10		_	61 66
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1 055	134	313	397	141	39	24	7	_	80 1
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1 415	70	389	541	249	72 75	59	26	9	86 88
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1 589	36 40	411	666 410	363	75	38 87	7	7	188
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	1 386 2 067	40 22	237 267	410 529	416 599	182 365	192	80	7 13	100 109
\$80,000 to \$99,999	712	5	5	75	181	192	210	39	5	137
\$100,000 to \$149,999	435	_	11	66	62	88	148	35	25	147
\$150,000 or more	179		-		14	14	49	60 \$82 700	\$133 700	210
Medion	\$49 300	\$20 800	\$38 400	\$44 100	\$55 000	\$66 300	\$79 200	\$62,700	\$133 700	***
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less thon 10 percent	4 958	317	939	1 579	1 036	575	328	131	53	94
10 to 14 percent	2 131	145	490	542	450	253 107	209	37	5	95 96 90 97
15 to 19 percent	945	63	219 145	231 196	245 88	107	80 23	15	15	96
20 to 24 percent	541 383	6	73	126	88	52 6	55	13	16	97
30 to 34 percent	188	-	73 21	43	43	23	33	25	-	117
35 percent or more	410	.3	55	117	80	48	69	26	12	109
Not computed	233 10—	38 10—	41 10.3	58 10—	44 10—	9 10—	36 11.7	10-	10-	91
	10	10	10.3	10—	10	10-	11.7	10-2	10	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	0.0				1.0					
Heating equipment	9 789	579	1 983	2 892	2 074	1 073	833	254	101	95
Steam or hot water system	18	-	-	6	. 6	_ 6		-	_	113
Centrol worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	4 141 511	101 21	446 83	918 194	1 113 120	709 35	550 42	221	83 9	114 95
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	2 033	201	613	714	352	107	39	7	<u> </u>	82
Other means	3 086	256	841	1 060	483	216	202	19	9	86
Air conditioning	7 244	312	1 334	2 060	1 607	896	719	222	94	.99
Centrol system	3 991 3 253	55 257	400 934	868 1 192	1 043 564	725 171	621 98	208 14	71 23	116
l or more individual room units	3 253 9 789	25/ 579	1 983	2 892	2 074	1 073	833	254	101	84 95
Utility gos	6 568	438	1 495	1 932	1 361	662	484	129	67	92
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	550	47	94	172	97	54	70	16	-	94
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	1 438 40	50	162	392 12	321 6	229 5	159 6	100	25	109 113
Other	1 193	44	227	384	289	123	114	3	9	96

Table A-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Owner-occupied housing units							Ren	ter-occupied ho			
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	36 327	7 846	5 408	7 974	10 668	4 431	20 577	3 947	3 012	3 997	6 541	3 080
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years ond over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 46 years and over Median age	26 268 492 4 311 4 205 9 921 7 339 3 151 229 773 420 845 884 6 908 151 627 739 1 914 3 477 56.4	6 360 213 1 371 1 019 2 358 1 399 42 147 124 158 118 897 35 171 137 240 314 52,3	4 140 55 598 752 1 455 1 280 374 28 45 44 128 129 894 27 66 117 311 373 57.0	5 788 102 773 1 097 2 164 1 652 701 67 147 73 187 227 1 485 33 71 163 452 766 55.5	7 248 104 1 186 1 011 3 072 1 875 1 021 59 269 150 258 285 2 399 41 238 253 607 1 260 56.6	2 732 18 383 326 872 1 133 466 33 165 29 114 125 1 233 15 81 69 9 304 764 62.9	6 383 928 2 659 1 013 1 056 727 6 341 2 696 2 161 443 522 519 7 853 2 767 98 948 1 588 29.5	1 122 269 471 130 121 131 1 276 674 406 69 63 64 1 549 669 322 114 133 311 27.4	765 90 320 72 166 117 845 392 240 52 108 53 1 402 550 345 62 176 269 28.7	1 192 116 514 236 214 112 1 283 607 438 113 89 36 1 522 505 372 129 231 285 29.5	2 253 336 994 417 302 204 1 983 676 810 134 1467 127 2305 675 640 221 221 262 507 30.4	1 051 117 360 158 253 163 954 347 267 75 95 170 1 075 368 273 72 146 216 32.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	6 000 11 633 7 309 6 406 4 979	2 886 4 960 - -	751 1 682 2 975 -	812 1 867 1 792 3 503	1 197 2 268 1 847 2 139 3 217	354 856 695 764 1 762	12 038 6 125 1 413 662 339	2 990 957 - - -	1 717 981 314	2 430 1 103 273 191	3 542 2 065 494 246 194	1 359 1 019 332 225 145
ROOMS 1 room	225 569 1 980 6 979 11 785 8 914 5 875 5.2	51 116 277 1 241 2 674 2 162 1 325 5.3	53 110 295 1 210 1 706 1 200 834 5.1	84 133 522 1 504 2 492 1 850 1 389 5.2	37 190 631 2 035 3 446 2 768 1 561 5.2	20 255 989 1 467 934 766 5.1	946 2 355 3 874 6 520 4 185 1 877 820 4 0	499 508 634 1 221 740 285 60 3 8	113 530 605 1 060 477 199 28 3 7	67 518 812 1 459 740 271 130 3 9	160 507 1 217 1 991 1 620 717 329 4 2	107 292 606 789 608 405 273 4 2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more	36 113 24 714 10 524 689 186 214 73 79 23 39	7 783 5 169 2 445 111 58 63 11 23 17	5 371 3 643 1 602 100 26 37 10 8	7 933 5 387 2 332 168 46 41 10 25 6	10 615 7 281 3 066 227 41 53 28 17 -	4 411 3 234 1 079 83 15 20 14 6 -	20 082 11 799 7 307 579 397 495 145 336	3 687 2 174 1 358 79 76 260 19 241	2 974 1 987 882 38 67 38 15 14 -	3 964 2 251 1 511 132 70 33 13 20	6 462 3 583 2 506 251 122 79 56 23	2 995 1 804 1 050 79 62 85 42 38 - 5
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	6 528 15 973 5 449 5 098 2 183 1 096 2.23 94 779	851 3 701 1 292 1 281 467 254 2.33 21 633	876 2 529 757 669 449 128 2.22	1 582 3 236 1 155 1 294 440 267 2 24 21 049	2 068 4 577 1 668 1 415 616 324 2 21 26 926	1 151 1 930 577 439 211 123 2 05	7 362 6 324 3 462 2 090 889 450 1 96	1 601 1 273 551 388 95 39 1 79	1 293 1 005 385 234 32 63 1.71 5 928	1 410 1 162 749 370 235 71 2.01 9 040	2 023 1 983 1 169 777 392 197 2 13	1 035 901 608 321 135 80 2 06 7 181
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	28 734 373 319 144 238 36 6 483	5 230 69 50 18 82 17 2 380	3 050 18 36 10 30 6 2 258	6 441 44 56 18 45 7	9 820 152 128 91 39 6 437	4 193 90 49 7 47 - 50	9 266 1 318 2 521 1 512 3 107 1 822 1 031	684 280 551 352 972 857 251	648 132 523 198 597 608 306	1 468 314 517 317 806 269 306	4 535 331 598 354 530 63 130	1 931 261 332 291 202 25 38
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Hoor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House hearing fuel Utility as Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	36 310 70 19 783 1 611 5 103 9 743 27 583 18 414 9 169 36 369 36 369 21 829 2 987 6 014 110 5 370 8 3	7 846 17 5 721 300 300 1 508 6 408 5 633 772 7 846 3 402 720 7 514 17 1 198 471 6 0	5 408 1! 3 925 244 131 1 097 4 223 3 541 682 5 408 3 083 715 827 6 7 4	7 964 14 4 770 593 769 1 818 6 242 4 311 1 931 7 964 4 812 676 676 1 332 17 1 127 589 7 4	10 668 78 4 257 375 7 649 3 359 7 806 3 959 3 847 10 668 7 375 641 1 067 40 1 545 997 9 3	4 424 - 1 110 99 1 254 1 961 2 904 967 1 937 4 424 3 157 235 279 35 718 547 17 3	20 502 120 7 109 1 781 5 653 5 839 15 593 6 444 9 149 20 502 14 359 886 3 974 73 1 210 6 078 29 5	3 947 46 2 291 505 618 487 3 740 2 318 1 422 3 947 2 750 106 1 523 68 1 106 78 0	3 005 13 1 611 293 619 469 2 691 1 465 1 226 3 005 2 093 199 649 64 947 31 4	3 997 14 1 494 395 1 233 861 3 320 1 369 1 951 3 997 2 837 2 44 7 36 8 8 1 172 1 201 30 0	6 484 73 1 230 497 2 277 2 462 4 075 927 3 148 4 843 224 4 843 1 24 5 34 5 34 6 484 8 3 1 24 8 5 8 6 8 7 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	3 069 24 483 96 906 1 560 1 767 365 1 402 3 069 2 336 113 292 31 297 977 31
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000_ \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,499 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$349,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	4 187 6 441 3 387 2 917 5 625 4 315 5 286 2 720 1 449 \$16 076 \$19 694	554 1 091 777 616 1 403 1 142 1 346 621 296 \$17 921 \$21 087	518 1 031 547 506 808 569 804 357 773 \$15 603 \$19 488	973 1 384 710 592 1 176 935 1 205 767 332 \$16 510 \$20 522	1 406 1 875 886 833 1 664 1 257 1 617 754 381 \$16 007 \$19 676	786 1 060 467 370 624 417 319 276 167 \$11 978 \$16 034	5 720 5 875 2 750 1 571 2 407 1 323 978 319 134 \$8 777 \$11 099	1 094 1 003 452 308 478 394 176 95 45 \$9 147 \$11 863	948 852 347 219 301 173 115 22 15 \$8 045 \$10 312	1 101 1 182 440 210 499 363 213 65 15 88 647 \$11 050	1 696 1 835 1 44 558 104 437 3 44 97 3 6 \$0 230 \$11 358	881 1 003 267 267 315 156 128 40 23 \$8 085 \$10 543

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Owner-occupied I	nousing units				Re	nter-occupied	hausing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mabile home or trailer, etc.	Tatal	1 unit, detached ar attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units	36 327 203	28 734 164	1 110 39	6 483	20 577 229	9 26 6 65	1 318 16	2 521 54	1 512 14	3 107 60	1 822 20	1 031
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	26 268	21 381	673	4 214	6 383	3 934	541	526	229	508	193	452
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	492 4 311	380 3 835	10 112	102 364	928 2 659	465 1 618	73 284	116 248	49 101	152 182	32 101	41 125
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	4 205 9 921	3 742 8 116	83 288	380 1 517	1 013 1 056	750 664	57 88	52 60	6 39	34 73	27 19	87 113
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	7 339 3 151	5 308 2 339	180 156	1 851 656	727 6 34 1	437 2 437	39 185	50 8 62	34 629	1 192	14 745	86 291
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	229 773	175 643	10 29	44 101	2 696 2 161	829 958	80 70	416 269	375 129	570 386	360 275	66 74
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	420 845	336 576	22 59	62 210	443 522	211 227	5 18	39 72	21 54	66 89	57 34	44 28 79
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	884 6 908 151	5 014 106	36 281 17	239 1 61 3 28	519 7 853 2 767	212 2 895 781	12 592 127	66 1 133 480	50 654 329	81 1 407 573	19 884 436	288 41
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	627 739	524 578	39 12	64 149	1 952 598	763 314	168 43	305 45	130 49	292 89	212 33	82 25 42
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 914 3 477	1 404 2 402	65 148	445 927	948 1 588	397 640	78 176	133 170	101 45	147 306	50 153	42 98
Median ageYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	56.4	54.5	54.0	63.4	29.5	32.1	32.1	27.2	25.1	27.2	25.9	40.4
1979 to March 1980	6 000 11 633	4 332 8 469	235 332	1 433 2 832	12 038 6 125	4 648 3 073	795 341	1 664 672	1 078 327	2 121 768	1 169 596	563 348
1970 to 1974 1960 ta 1969	7 309 6 406	5 547 5 654	160 191	1 602 561	1 413 662	862 368	108 74	130 48	39 68	129 76	39 14	106 14
1959 or earlier	4 979	4 732	192	55	339	315	-	7	-	13	4	-
1 room 2 rooms	225 569	108 170	17 61	100 338	946 2 355	189 530	7 55	67 379	63 221	174 710	341 330	105 130
3 rooms4 roams	1 980 6 979	1 057 4 720	106 265	817 1 994	3 874 6 520	1 272 2 586	229 576	531 931	458 516	769 967	385 569	230 375
5 rooms 6 rooms	11 785 8 914	9 429 7 869	341 134	2 015 911	4 185 1 877	2 648 1 333	295 125	434 167	149 92	373 91	159 24	127 45
7 or more ragms Median	5 87 5 5.2	5 381 5.4	186 4.8	308 4.5	820 4.0	708 4.5	31 4.1	12 3.8	13 3.5	23 3.4	3.1	19 3.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	36 113 24 714	28 621	1 056	6 436	20 082 11 799	9 1 76 4 974	1 303	2 479	1 484 942	3 046	1 593	1 001
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	10 524 689	19 225 8 756 538	673 332 40	4 816 1 436 111	7 307 579	3 717 3 16	753 479 52	1 542 872 19	480 30	1 936 972 103	1 166 377 15	486 410
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 ar mare Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	186 214	102 113	11 54	73 47	397 495	169 90	19 15	46 42	32 28	35 61	35 229	44 61 30
0.50 or less 0.51 ta 1.00	73 79	47 32	16 16	10 31	145 336	40 45	8 7	27 15	19 9	22 30	12 217	30 17 13
1.01 to 1.50	23 39	10 24	7 15	6	14	5	_	_	_	9	=	_
BEDROOMS Nane	255	138	17	100	1 209	269	7	92	100	276	360	105
2	2 832 15 369	1 524 10 589	183 524	1 125 4 256	6 078 9 123	1 848 3 995	317 726	952 1 224	601 650	1 323 1 320	761 663	276 545
3	14 784 2 673 414	13 569 2 543 371	260 83 43	955 47	3 335 670 162	2 614 433 107	217 40 11	134 107 12	109 39 13	123 46 19	33 5	105
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	4 187	2 890	160	1 137	5 720	1 973	343	743	491	1 027	784	359
\$5,000 ta \$9,999 \$10,000 ta \$12,499	6 441 3 387	4 412 2 439	224 133	1 805 815	5 875 2 250	2 496 1 042	368 161	794 284	511 99	958 333	480 193	268 138
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	2 917 5 625	2 276 4 681	44 135	597 809	1 571 2 407	846 1 252	104 154	189 269	105 203	175 286	108 126	44 117
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	4 315 5 286	3 632 4 543	128 178	555 565	1 323 978	762 636	90 53	135 68	41 40	161 92	89 37	45 52
\$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ar mare	2 720 1 449	2 508 1 353	61 47	151 49	319 134	199 60	32 13	39	7 15	34 41	5	8
Mean	\$16 026 \$19 694	\$17 407 \$21 143	\$14 659 \$19 157	\$10 919 \$13 363	\$8 772 \$11 099	\$10 393 \$12 605	\$9 015 \$11 910	\$7 996 \$9 865	\$6 861 \$9 62 3	\$7 393 \$10 123	\$6 296 \$8 290	\$7 223 \$9 616
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	36 310	28 717	1 110	6 483	20 502	9 218	1 318	2 515	1 498	3 107	1 822	1 024
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace ar electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	70 19 783 1 611	65 14 655 1 341	455 74	4 673 196	120 7 109 1 781	37 2 337 628	8 542 126	938 242	13 385 199	1 212 310	995 248	700 28
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	5 103 9 743	4 733 7 923	187 394	183 1 426	5 653 5 839	2 746 3 470	419 223	604 725	452 449	911 627	424 149	97 196
Air conditioning Central system	27 583 18 414	22 016 14 440	8 33 434	4 734 3 540	15 593 6 444	5 831 1 915	1 019 495	2 140 874	1 243 432	2 811 1 292	1 790 1 040	759 396
Vehicles available	35 052 9 771	27 846 6 817	1 041 293	6 165 2 661	17 990 9 354	8 320 3 535	1 119 634	2 242 1 292	1 322 781	2 631 1 661	1 459 952	897 499
2 ar mare House heating fuel	25 281 36 310	21 029 28 717	748 1 110	3 504 6 483	8 636 20 502	4 785 9 218	485 1 318	950 2 515	541 1 498	970 3 107	507 1 822	398 1 024
Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas	21 829 2 987	17 807 1 534	681 121	3 341 1 332	14 359 886	6 376 457	990 24	1 948 53	1 141 46	2 305	1 059	540 280 133
Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	6 014 110 5 370	4 939 94	141	934 16	3 974 73	1 318 52 1 015	278 26	456 7 51	279 6 26	764 - 29	746	8
Other Water heating fuel Utility gas	36 280 22 529	4 343 28 705 18 492	167 1 100 668	860 6 475 3 369	1 210 20 508 14 999	9 210 6 561	1 318 1 057	2 521 2 000	1 512 1 191	3 107 2 466	1 822 1 203	1 018 521
Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	3 804 9 765	2 014 8 052	147 279	1 643 1 434	1 348 4 114	750 1 865	48 213	75 446	60 261	65 568	21 598	329 163
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc Other	11 171	6 141	-	5 24	13 34	5 29	_	_	_	8	-	- 5
Family householder With own children under 18 years	28 900 10 949	23 528 9 557	818 353	4 554 1 039	9 375 5 692	5 343 3 386	804 494	908 531	412 189	938 531	385 226	585 335 209 85 77
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	3 987 2 056	3 504 1 686	110 101	373 269	3 284 2 346	1 842 1 090	249 238	349 301	119 148	355 330	161 154	209 85
With awn children under 18 years With awn children under 6 years	1 137 190	961 155	27 11	149	1 915 863	887 326	193 61	246 128	107 49	264 164	141 92	77 43 446
Nonfamily householder	7 427 3 004 8.3	5 206 2 194 7.6	292 128 11.5	1 929 682 10.5	11 202 6 078 29.5	3 923 2 289 24.7	514 364 27.6	1 613 822 32.6	1 100 629 41.6	2 169 1 011 32.5	1 437 640 35.1	323 31.3
	0.5	7.0	11.3	10.3	27.3	24.7	27.0	32.0	71.0	J2.J	00.1	07.5

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Daile are commo	ies basea on a	somple, see min	bauction. For me	aning or symbols,	, see Introduction	i. For definition	s of terms, see	appendixes A and	8]	
The SMSA	Total) person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	36 327 1 491	6 528 -	15 973 716	5 449 371	5 098 182	2 183 118	630 60	348 31	118	2.23 2 58	94 779 4 569
ROOMS	2 774 6 979 11 785 8 914 3 703 2 172 5.2	1 299 2 003 1 885 934 269 138 4.5	1 057 3 757 5 754 3 778 1 153 474 5.1	195 623 1 873 1 507 845 406 5.5	128 385 1 545 1 622 804 614 5.8	60 169 522 731 394 307 6.0	25 16 131 173 163 122 6.3	10 12 73 129 63 61 61	14 2 40 12 50 6.8	1.58 1.90 2.20 2.43 3.01 3.61	5 187 14 168 29 450 25 830 12 071 8 073
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbling for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.00 to 1.50 1.51 or more	36 113 35 238 689 186 214 152 23 39	6 456 6 456 72 72	15 916 15 884 	5 434 5 384 46 4 15 10	5 056 4 948 73 35 42 22 12 8	2 168 1 954 164 50 15 - 5 10	617 458 141 18 13 - 6 7	348 124 202 22 	30 63 25 - -	2.23 2.20 5.94 4.94 2.11 1.58 4.46 4.19	94 215 89 210 4 113 892 564 302 107 155
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or aftoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	28 734 1 110 6 483	4 522 227 1 779	12 143 447 3 383	4 640 162 647	4 506 195 397	1 961 59 163	560 8 62	307 12 29	95 23	2 31 2.23 1.93	76 758 3 021 15 000
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	25 340 261 975 1 753 2 603 3 913 3 963 6 805 2 683 1 871 513 \$57 400	4 041 139 335 472 632 755 521 807 202 133 9	10 613 90 447 804 1 019 1 595 1 850 2 956 1 053 683 116 \$56 400	4 141 6 119 201 399 648 653 1 228 473 302 112 \$60 600	4 016 20 45 178 346 586 536 1 135 598 439 133 \$64 500	1 710 6 16 81 114 178 275 502 254 232 \$68 200	498 	250 - 6 - 45 49 43 27 39 27 14 \$54 000	71 -7 -6 18 13 15 -6 6 \$56 100	2.31 1 44 1 84 2 00 2 16 2 25 2 29 2 38 2 68 2 90 3 35	66 803 462 1 649 3 523 6 156 10 200 10 649 18 155 7 893 6 360 1 756
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Medion income	36 327 \$16 026	6 528 \$6 573	15 973 \$14 758	5 449 \$20 573	5 098 \$22 244	2 183 \$24 170	630 \$24 883	348 \$25 817	118 \$21 458	2.23	94 779
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	16.4 21.0 10— 3 004 \$2 911	20.7 31.3 16.4 1 151 \$2500—	13.4 19.9 10 1 048 \$2 984	17.1 21.2 10— 310 \$3 795	18.6 20.3 10— 280 \$4 514	18 9 20 6 10 — 160 \$5 833	16 2 18 0 10— 39 \$7 250	17 2 21 0 10— 10 \$2500—	12 5 15 8 10 — 6 \$21 250	1.83	•••
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	46.3 50+ 29.3	38.2 50+ 30.6	41.1 50+ 28.3	50 + 50 + 41.4	45.5 50+ 18.3	50 + 50 + -	31 0 33.5 17 5		10-		
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	20 577 4 577	7 362 -	6 324 2 510	3 462 1 141	2 090 667	889 180	26 1 54	94 15	75	1.96 2.41	45 182 12 389
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	946 2 355 3 874 6 520 4 185 1 877 820 4.0	800 1 604 2 316 1 730 686 158 68 3.1	126 485 1 091 2 622 1 446 410 144 4 1	154 283 1 262 1 098 481 184 4 5	20 85 83 656 590 455 201 4 8	- 3 61 169 258 255 143 5 3	- 6 24 52 60 87 52 5 5	- 8 - 19 31 14 22 5 1	10 16 10 16 17 6 4 6	1 09 1 23 1 34 2 08 2 47 3 27 3 57	1 115 3 341 6 120 14 516 10 936 6 196 2 958
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	20 082 19 106 579 397 495 481 —	6 962 6 962 - - 400 400 - -	6 264 6 147 - 117 60 51 - 9	3 457 3 303 154 - 5 5	2 064 1 881 83 100 26 21 - 5	885 652 169 64 4	281 139 112 30 	94 27 45 27 -	75 16 59	1 99 1 97 4 81 4 31 1 12 1 10	44 498 40 062 2 726 1 710 684 653
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, atc.	9 266 1 318 2 521 1 512 3 107 1 827 1 031	2 404 348 957 664 1 485 1 126 378	2 665 461 857 561 1 000 491 294	1 907 247 464 156 355 147 196	1 282 167 210 101 196 53 81	641 72 24 30 56 5	241 14 6	68 7 8 - -	58 12	2 34 2 17 1 86 1 66 1 57 1 31	23 736 3 176 5 050 2 729 5 560 2 146 2 155
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$ 100 \$ 100 to \$ 149 \$ 150 to \$ 199 \$ 200 to \$ 249 \$ 250 to \$ 299 \$ 300 to \$ 349 \$ 350 to \$ 399 \$ 400 to \$ 499 \$ 500 or more No cash rent Median	19 612 835 2 416 3 784 4 216 3 487 1 573 1 158 1 009 367 7/2 \$278	7 096 5/7 1 477 1 877 1 633 839 194 117 90 8 344 \$189	6 037 123 534 1 130 1 454 1 538 537 759 168 64 730 \$239	3 233 52 747 414 603 647 418 362 376 64 105	1 978 51 81 740 319 306 276 324 753 87 39 \$296	828 13 59 65 161 98 94 89 111 49	276 5 35 33 36 40 33 7 67 20	89 9 18 19 10 8 10 9 6	75 10 20 11 11 11 7 5193	1 95 1 23 1 35 1 52 1 63 2 66 3 36 4 01 1 68	42 845 1 356 4 273 6 544 8 538 7 736 4 364 3 438 1 210 1 707 690
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage at household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage at household income	20 377 38 777 30 4 6 078 33 645 50 +	7 362 \$5 184 35 4 2 117 \$2500 50 t	6 324 \$9 841 28 2 1 736 \$3 861 50 +	3 462 \$10 670 29 6 1 050 \$4 842 50 e	2 090 \$17 839 26 5 748 \$6 474 47 6	\$17 590 27 7 301 \$6 67! 47 9	381 515 807 24 4 41 36 726 41 3	\$10 956 26.6 49 \$7 063 28.9	73 \$15 375 16 8 38 \$9 643 40 0	2 03	45 182

1980 Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: Table A − 10.

Median 67.2 63.3 46.5 38.5 39.2 42.8 **55.5 54.6 57.0 67.0 7** 23.22 33.22 33.23 33.33 38.36 38.74 38.74 56.5 41.4 42.7 38.3 31.4 27.5 28.8 29.4 34.1 38.6 ... 29.6 31.9 25.6 23.9 56.4 1.06 35 35 136 159 164 167 301 301 355 355 355 355 years 3 477 588 425 156 7 65 y 45 to 64 years 1 914 Female hauseholder, no husband presen 35 to 44 years 582 383 384 385 57 757 769 999 999 115 187 253 127 33 24 277 089 83 214 122 122 43 43 15 689 283 42 1 739 25 to 34 years 1 9 1 66 1 1 4 1 952 895 152 212 212 212 184 184 184 321 593 85 85 85 85 627 674 555 457 141 111 142 2.04 289 to 24 years 2 767 868 101 99 151 2 65 years and over 884 722 115 115 11 5 11.11 159 .07 581 **2**425284382**2** [Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B] 45 to 64 years 845 551 196 196 16 16 16 17 333 501 21 21 Male househalder, no wife present 35 to 44 years 420 189 101 127 17 17 189 189 443 271 76 66 66 15 15 728 728 25 to 34 years 135 338 338 281 168 231 296 336 336 336 336 2 161 15 to 24 years 63 86 59 21 21 - - - - - 578 578 041 430 430 127 128 350 350 654 236 242 242 237 234 234 416 416 923 37.8 229 886 104 83 73 73 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 65 years and over 7 339 9050 957 174 174 100 100 100 126 86 20.8 to 64 years 9 921 226 226 246 216 1 056 495 297 297 89 89 85 90 2.61 3 214 45 Married-couple familie 35 to 44 years 4 205 459 670 670 895 459 459 459 , ₅88 2883 1 013 25 to 34 yeors 950 976 976 1 641 578 166 3.64 251 24 24 24 25 27 2 659 4 311 253 426 426 426 450 450 450 407 407 23,7 23,7 921 7 7 15 to 24 years 219 161 69 43 -2.67 519 492 6 528 15 973 5 449 5 098 2 183 1 096 2.23 94 779 Total 113 875 214 62 976 976 14 14 327 36 38 2 MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupled housing units...
Less than 15 percent
20 to 24 percent
25 to 29 percent
30 to 34 percent
30 to 34 percent
35 to 49 percent
Median units Specified owner-occupied housing Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupled housing units With a mortigage
Less than 15 percent
15 to 19 percent
25 to 29 percent
30 to 34 percent
30 to 34 percent
30 to 34 percent
30 percent or more
30 percent or more
30 percent or more
30 percent
30 percent
30 to 24 percent
30 to 24 percent
30 to 34 percent persons _____ or more persons ___ PERSONS IN UNIT PERSONS IN UNI The SMSA person -----Total persons Median _____ Total persons _ persons

29.5

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		ror definitions of terms, see appendixes A and by Female householder											
The SMSA	Tatal	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 ta 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Tatal	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	6 528	1 984	63	459	189	551	722	4 544	67	219	115	1 151	2 992
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 456 72	1 937 47	63	434 25	189	543 8	708 14	4 519 25	67	200 19	115	1 145 6	2 992
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or orthoched 2 or more Mobile hame or trailer, etc.	4 522 227 1 779	1 409 74 501	34 _ 29	372 5 82	126 17 46	377 22 152	500 30 192	3 113 153 1 278	45 6 16	156 19 44	77 - 38	807 28 316	2 028 100 864
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	2 573 1 875 658 302 525 263 204 72 56 \$6 573 \$9 350	532 437 271 114 268 174 130 46 12 \$10 212 \$12 059	24 16 17 	96 45 58 52 94 62 29 17 6 \$13 966 \$14 643	13 27 6 6 59 36 28 14 \$17 829 \$18 687	118 118 96 50 45 48 61 15 - \$11 029 \$12 918	281 231 94 6 70 22 12 1- 6 \$6 869 \$8 423	2 041 1 438 387 188 257 89 74 26 44 \$5 693 \$8 167	18 28 9 6 - - 6 88 047 \$9 537	63 23 30 34 45 13 11 - \$11 958 \$11 720	12 37 12 14 25 9 6 - \$11 771 \$13 063	440 330 132 63 86 42 44 - 14 \$6 947 \$9 013	1 508 1 020 204 71 101 25 13 20 30 \$4 976 \$7 363
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	4 041 1 502 437 241 139 168 143 178 103 86	1 198 684 104 77 89 87 103 85 67 65	34 34 6 6 - 10 - 6 6	319 276 23 21 27 50 46 47 34 21	91 6 6 14 11 26 8	303 186 18 31 35 11 31 14 22 24	431 97 51 13 13 5 -	2 843 818 333 164 50 81 40 93 36 21	45 39 9 16 6	135 118 13 20 	68 60 5 16 6 6 14 - 7 -	726 275 127 70 28 15 5	1 869 326 188 49
Median	\$276 2 539 329 766 758 418 86 119 42 21 \$81	\$341 514 85 161 163 82 6 17 - - \$77	\$325	\$368 43 12 8 5 18 - - - - - \$82	\$366 20 8 - 6 6 - - - \$83	\$341 117 14 44 23 25 - 11 - - 576	\$197 334 51 109 129 33 6 6 6 - - - - - -	\$223 2 025 244 605 595 336 80 102 42 21 \$82	\$283 6 - - 6 - - 5113	\$356 17 9 - 8 - - - - - - - - - - -	\$325 8 - 2 - 6 - - 5133	\$207 451 51 115 132 66 22 52 6 7 \$86	\$188 1 543 184 488 463 256 52 50 36 14 \$90
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly ewner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	20.7 31.3 16.4 1 151 17.6	22.0 28.7 12.9 251 12.7	48.3 48.3 - 24 38.1	29.9 30.4 26.5 51	21.5 22.4 11.7 13 6.9	19.3 27.2 10— 52 9.4	16.8 36.4 14.1 111 15.4	20.1 34 7 17 4 900 19 8	35.7 37 2 10— 18 26 9	24.2 28 6 10- 37 16 9	28.3 32.0 10- 12 10.4	18.4 25.9 15.7 284 24.7	19.8 43.0 18.0 549 18.3
Renter-occupied housing units	7 362	3 420	1 041	1 229	271	420	459	3 942	1 111	674	83	649	1 425
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 962 400	3 150 270	926 115	1 141 88	258 13	399 21	426 33	3 81 <i>2</i> 130	1 036 75	644 30	63	624 25	1 425
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home ar trailer, etc.	2 404 348 957 664 1 485 1 126 378	1 158 92 430 332 692 523 193	258 28 132 127 243 226 27	425 36 158 97 251 213 49	123 5 14 17 49 41	161 11 66 48 82 74 28	191 12 60 43 67 19	1 246 256 527 332 793 603 185	322 76 158 127 214 745	129 42 123 67 155 138 20	8 6 2 36 17	351 33 89 91 101 50 34	536 155 151 45 287 53 98
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	3 589 2 048 571 314 441 175 109 59	1 425 912 323 162 297 124 80 45 52	571 334 75 13 34 5	374 334 166 115 142 60 74	83 19 30 11 53 45 6	113 117 35 23 37 14 38 30 13	784 108 17 31 12 7	7 164 1 136 248 152 144 51 29 114	669 394 37 7	189 228 93 62 77 12 6	52	323 1 79 49 40 39	93
Median	\$5 184 \$7 691	\$6 307 \$9 289	\$4 463 \$5 667	\$8 776 \$10 069	\$13 295 \$16 259	\$8 077 \$13 930	\$4 425 \$7 052	\$4 676 \$6 305	\$4 105 \$4 587	\$7 674 \$8 750	\$2 614	\$1.043	\$4 351
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	7 096 572 1 427 1 872 1 633 839 194 117 90 8	3 315 229 727 884 758 400 89 43 16	1 019 34 248 352 214 114 29 11	1 216 30 729 309 354 198 32 70	240 17 51 51 55 14 17 7 3 3 27	408 50 81 90 98 48 6	432 103 118 8, 37 26 5	3 781 343 700 986 875 439 105 74 74 5 178 \$190	1 009 23 234 402 263 81 43 6 31	443 111 115 148 239 90 29	83 12 16	428 68 133 70 195 117 23	1 320 241 215 35.1 366 158 5 7.1 9.
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage at household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	\$189 35.4 2 117 28 8	\$187 30.5 976 28 5	\$184 48.6 505 48.5	28 1 261 21 2	23.2 74 27.3	27.8 43 15.0	29 9 73 15 9	40.7 1.141 20.9	50 a 560 90 4	20 3 143 21 2	48.3 41 49.4	34.3	38 0 313 4 V

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	785	245	342	198	Vacant for rent housing units	1 306	872	329	105
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	14 227 374 124 46 - 4.9	74 113 39 19 - 4.9	10 108 167 41 16 - 4.8	4 45 94 44 11 - 5.0	1 room	30 128 283 475 308 62 20	7 93 164 340 205 47 16 4.0	20 34 93 100 63 15 4 3.7	3 1 26 35 40 -
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES	5.7	4.0	3.7	7.1
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use BEDROOMS	780 5	245 -	342	193 5	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 292 14	861 11	329	102
None	17 450 309 9	- 164 75 6 -	13 210 116 3	- 4 76 118 - -	BEDROOMS None	37 382 637 205 45	14 247 427 139 45	20 114 150 45 -	3 21 60 21
1975 to March 1980	477 69 75 51 81 32	124 30 27 19 18 27	237 14 33 30 28	116 25 15 2 35 5	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	377 193 207 234 162 133	263 125 168 162 115 39	85 62 31 57 20 74	29 6 8 15 27 20
detoched or ottoched or more Mobile home or trailer HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system	518 8 80 187	166 16 63	231 16 95	121 48 29	UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attoched 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9	493 45 147 133	340 18 104 95	104 21 30 29	49 6 13
Other means None PRICE ASKED	125	40 -	57 -	28	10 to 49	234 122 132	136 92 87	74 30 41	24
Specified vocant for sale only housing units	400 22 5 25 21 59 53 152 44 19 \$64 200	153 12 - 4 17 21 14 67 18 - \$66 100	141 10 5 21 - 17 4 63 18 3 \$	106 - - 4 21 35 22 8 16 \$56 800	RENT ASKED Specified vacant for rent housing units \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$200 to \$249 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more Median	1 306 126 116 355 364 179 126 40 \$207	872 86 48 235 281 83 99 40 \$211	329 35 51 89 63 80 11	105 5 17 31 20 16 16 - \$199

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price osked	— Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	sing units	Rent asked—Specified vacant for rent housing units							
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Total	400	22	30	80	249	19	64 200	1 306	126	471	543	126	40	207
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	395 5	22	30	75 5	249	19 -	64 900 47 500	1 292 14	119 7	468 3	539 4	126	40 -	208 90
BEDROOMS														
None	- 4 173 214 9	12 10 -	30 - - -	37 43 -	4 84 152 9	- 10 9 -	85 000 59 200 65 000 72 500	37 382 637 205 45	2 67 25 27 5	28 164 223 47 9	7 130 324 82 -	21 57 25 23	- 8 24 8	148 182 216 254 333
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	201 23 51 31 62 32	10 - - - - 12	- - 9 21	17 18 - 35 10	160 18 33 22 6 10	14 5 - - -	69 500 70 800 52 300 55 300 39 500 44 000	377 193 207 234 162 133	37 38 8 13 15	66 62 123 83 64 73	185 87 56 116 62 37	72 6 11 16 13 8	17 - 9 6 8	240 194 182 211 201 158
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile hame or trailer	400 	22 	30	80	249 	19 	64 200	493 681 132	46 43 37	178 248 45	169 336 38	68 46 12	32 8 -	207 212 172

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

[50.0 0.0 00	ies based an	a sumple, see	ininadachan.	rus meaning	or symbols,	see illirouoci	on. For dean	mons di terri	is, see oppera	lixes A and 6)		
Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 10 \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
3 494	-	57	205	184	473	656	1 120	496	243	60	62 900	66 800
_ 24	-	14	117	86	269	494	807 18	446	191	44	66 100 65 000 62 000	70 300 62 300 64 400
496 769 508	- - -	14	13 29 55	11 24 40	34 69 81	46 137 112	213 198 138	107 187 51	54 93 23	18 18 8	75 800 72 200 56 600	79 500 75 400 61 400 62 600
- 64 185 18	- - -	-	7	2	12 46 5	25 55 -	19 57 8	10	8 8 -	-	58 800 54 400 62 500 66 700	64 800 59 400 67 400 70 800
39 679 41	-	35 -	7 71 -	5 91 9	11 130	77	211 28	35	11 13 -	16	48 400 51 500 67 900 60 400	63 500 56 200 60 700 50 400
77 210 277	-	12 16	19 42	9 19 54 66.9	21 38 60	7 20 38 39.6	36 70 39	4 9 22 47.1	13 47.5	10 6 55.0	61 300 59 000 44 600	59 300 65 600 49 100
_ 540	-	_	- 45	9 21	46 139	112 178	242 370	106 173	21 82	4 2	65 100 67 500	69 800 68 900
- 626 563	=	7 24 20	24 39 97	41 45 68	77 80 - 131	140 86 140	182 160 166	83 62 72	54 49 37	18 18 18	62 000 61 500 53 500	69 000 66 300 60 200
- 281 - 1 136	-	3 14 19	7 74 81	6 58 76	7 72 272	13 36 292	9 19 336	- 57	6 - 52	2 3 4	49 600 37 900 53 400 66 300	48 600 40 700 54 500 67 800
1 236 489 307	=	15 - 6 5.1	30 - 13 4.8	34 5 5 4 9	98 13 11 5 1	252 58 5 5 5	552 165 39 5 9	161 79 6 5	78 107 7 3	9 42 8 3	80 400 99 200	83 300 108 000
- 8 - 77		- 11 12	- 23 122	- 16 72	- 7 249	8 5 161	15 124	- 56	15	- - 10	57 500 32 800 48 100	57 500 39 500 52 900
2 114 403	=	34	47 13	86 5 5	206	431 46 5	836 131 14	322 114 4	122 68 38	30 20	65 800 80 100 104 800	68 600 85 300 98 000
634 - 897 - 485	_	6 51	13 - 46 31 115	5 20 43 42 74	10 12 51 101 138 161	12 12 135 283 98 116	247 83 265 281 123	148 64 91 102 17 74	40 50 63 24 27 39	2 2 9 17 9 21	77 200 79 300 66 700 59 000 52 300 49 100	79 400 81 400 73 400 64 200 60 000 56 400
239 253 253 483 598 680 325 212 212 590 557		15 14 - 8 8 - 12 - - \$9 821 \$12 688	61 42 33 - 37 32 - - - \$9 943 \$10 905	50 37 14 21 13 15 16 4 14 \$10 893 \$20 200	27 100 34 58 82 92 48 22 10 \$15 931 \$17 649	48 91 55 49 117 142 108 39 7 \$18 788 \$19 229	35 122 84 92 184 206 260 111 26 \$20 968 \$22 259	33 9 11 25 9 88 166 104 51 \$27 226 \$31 642	10 6 8 - 29 21 60 35 74 \$33 095 \$41 189	2 2 2 4 2 10 10 30 \$50 000 \$56 469	43 300 51 500 54 900 57 500 58 100 61 500 71 500 76 400 98 800	50 600 52 500 56 100 58 300 60 900 64 300 74 800 81 500 110 900
2 497 722 530 313 221	-	7 -	49 10 21 6 7	64 16 11 13 - 18	32	138 116 88 54 25 93	278 177 79 73 85 204	405 100 108 66 39 36 38	7 15 31	2	66 300 68 100 68 200 65 400 61 300 66 600 63 100	71 100 75 700 71 700 71 700 65 900 67 700 86 000
19 8 997 536 18	3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	20 4 44 14	18 5 156 54 46	71 9 120 45 75 15	185 130 16 77 7	20 7 138 78 19 10	19 8 209 116 28 49	18 19 3 91 53 23	34	14 12	49 700 52 300 40 700 66 300 29 900	54 200 55 900 62 400 41 500 60 200 53 300 45 700
3: 1 54	5 7 4 0	6 11 4	14	17 11	10			10	10	10	3, 100	11 100 74 45, 14 16,
3 49	5		303	184	18	27	1 120	498	243	80	P3 600	64 800 C 900
3 49 2 96 3 09 2 25	4 4 6 6	. 57 28 . 35 . 6	146 148 58 41	152 344 37 23	370 396 172 33	484 533 351 36	1 (119 1 044 9/37 38	414 477 436 37	20.7 234 234	56 56 1.1	65 300 20 200	69 460 100 94 76 370
	2 468 24 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 496 671 497 671 4	Total \$10,000 3 494 - 2 468	Total Less than 10 10 10 11 14 14 14 14	Total \$10,000 \$19,999 \$29,999	Total Less thon S19,999 S29,999 S39,999 S39,	Total Less thon S19,999 S29,999 S39,999 S49,999 S49,99	Total Less then 19,999 \$29,999 \$39,999 \$49,999 \$59,999 \$59,999 \$49,999 \$49,999 \$59,999 \$49,999 \$49,999 \$59,999 \$49,999 \$49,999 \$59,999 \$49,9	Total Less him S10,000 S19,999 S29,999 S39,999 S49,999 S59,999 S79,999 S79,9	Total Less them Si0,000 Si2,999 Si2,999 Si2,999 Si3,999 Si3,	Tand Sest Short September Septembe	Times Less Mono 199 19	Total

iin

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[Dota are estimat	es basea on o	sample, see in	troduction. Fo	r meaning of	symbols, see ir	ntroduction. H	or definitions o	t terms, see o	opendixes A on	0 5]	
Chico city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 555	285	929	1 445	1 242	1 005	501	490	384	184	90	222
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Married-couple families	1 103 208 577	16	43 8	234 43	201 41	252 69	90 22	99 10	69 7	72 -	27 8	256 255 254
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	577 182	6 10	23 12	126 39	117 25	134 28	50 12	61 28	16 16	44 8	- 4	254 253
45 to 64 years	91	-	[-]	19	18	14	-	-	14	20	6	253 267 333 219
65 years and over	45 2 449	56	419	555	445	7 344	200	199	16 144	57	9 30	219
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 420 824	9 18	221 137	324 199	269 159	150 170	122 52	156 43	99 37	57 -	13	228 214
35 to 44 years	96	12	30	12	_	19	15		- 1	-	8	173
45 to 64 years65 years and over	50 59	11	14 17	20	11	5 -	6 5	=	8 -	-	_	236 1 72
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	3 003 1 564	213 31	467 237	656 411	596 267	409 209	211 129	192 134	171 111	55 31	33	211 214
25 to 34 years	669	26	98 I	146	148	103	53	31	49	8	7	218
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	158 187	19	37 42	21 19	50 56	28 33	13	_	11	11	_	225 208
65 years and over	425 25.3	137 65.7	53 25.0	59 24.6	75 25.6	36 26.2	16 24.5	27 23.B	24.4	26.1	36.7	158
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to Morch 1980	4 187	78	521	967	820	667	334	338	293	129	40	230
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 961 214	147 49	326 54	390 51	349 36	298 13	161	147 5	84	40	19	214 151
1960 to 1969	152 41	11	21	25 12	37	27	6		7	15	18	227 I 177
ROOMS			•									'''
1 room	595	33	238	268	53	-	-	-	-	-	3	152
2 rooms3 rooms	857 1 264	73 121	199 147	302 440	215 352	38 137	26 46		9	-	12	181 193
4 rooms5 rooms	1 821 1 023	53 5	174 103	349 66	429 148	509 269	214 131	42 169	15 106	4 16	32 10	240 280
6 rooms	767	-	61	20	38	52	55	250	186	87	18	380
7 or more rooms	228 3.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	7 3.5	4.1	29 4.3	29 5.6	68 5.8	77 6.3	11 4.3	454
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM												
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979	,	205	000	3 445	1 040	1 005	503	400	204	104	00	000
All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 555 6 263	285 267	929 795	1 445 1 332	1 242 1 242	993	501 501	490 482	384 384	1 84 180	90 87	222 226
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	3 775 2 250	198 49	529 236	736 555	809 364	692 267	313 168	213 269	137 223	78 102	70 17	222 237
1.01 to 1.50	139	10	11	24	40	23	14	-	17	-	-	238
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	99 292	10 18	19 134	17 113	29 -	11 12	6	8	7 -	4	3	204 149
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	42 250	6 12	17 117	7 106	_	12	_	- 8	_	- 4	3	148 150
1.01 to 1.50	-	-		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
1.51 or more Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 496	79	459	580	425	328	143	218	167	81	16	213
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 312	67	366	512	425	328	143	210	167	81	13	221 212
1.01 or more persons per room Locking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	116 184	10 12	13 93	21 68	42	14	9 -	8	7	_	3	148
1.01 or more persons per room	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- :	-	-	-	-
BEDROOMS None	704	39	278	306	66	7	5	_		_	3	153
]	2 071	193	339	762	538	132	41	7	9		50	185
3	2 393 904	48 5	235 58	328 40	574 64	776 90	318 117	77 278	180	12 63	18 9	250 363
4 5 or more	398 85	-	12	9	_	_	20	123	175 13	55 54	4 6	419 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detoched or ottoched	1 993	48	174	270	236	341	197	237	275	166	49	285 252
3 ond 4	415 938	16 32	185	223	130	163	62	97	32	. . .	14	209
5 to 9 10 to 49	693 1 280	32 27 78 77	76 111	182 354 332	201 376	68 212	56 62 62 72 52	52 43 11	12 19	13 5	10	212 212 177
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	1 217 19	77	349	332	217	162	52	11	-:		17	177 174
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	l ''	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	,		_					"]
1975 to Morch 1980	1 509	66	252	445	218	215	126	99	46	30	12	199
1970 to 1974	1 155 1 096	65 37	170 158	224 212	289 294	184 194	101 70	73 38	29 54 78	11 21	9 18	217 225
1950 to 1959	910 801	18 37	65 104	219 131	164 127	126 164	70 61	147 72	78 40	23 40	25	246 245
1939 or earlier	1 084	62	180	214	150	122	73	61	137	59	26	227
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	. 5.0			, ,,,,			501	400	20.4	104	90	201
1 to 3 4 or more	6 549 6	285	929 -	1 445	1 236	1 005	501 	490	384	184	70	221 23â
With elevator	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	523	45	76	154	92	90	42	8	12	4		196
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	718 753	24 123	90 94	158 126	162 112	102 148	5/ 75	93 40	32 28	7	:::	227 218
25 to 29 percent	687 565	41 25	121 77	152 127	144 127	88 73	57 75 58 39	61 44	14 40	8 13	:::	210 217
35 to 49 percent	1 126	6	176	223	193	145	81	92	115	95		239 228
50 percent or more	1 892 291	11 10	274 21	451 54	357 55	315 44	149	141 11	137 6	57	90	214
Medion	34.0	22.8	34.7	34.2	33.3	33.6	32.4	34.3	44.2	44.7	•••	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	6 521	269	922	1 437	1 242	1 005	501	490	384	184	87	222
Centrol heating system	5 164 5 470	200 230	697	1 024	999	890 834	423	402	310 294	149 136	70 76	231 222
Air conditioning	2 486	77	745 320	1 214 413	1 094 471	496	414 254	433 192	142	91	30	246
											1	

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

{Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

						ousehold incor		ion. Tor den	IIIIOIIS OF TE	ms, see oppend	ixes A did t	,	
Chico city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	3 893	326	506	274	273	555	655	751	336	217	20 092	22 747	294
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 65 years ond over 55 to 34 years 65 years ond over 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOYED INTO UNIT	2 659 36 709 535 850 529 444 84 235 28 59 39 790 41 99 9 85 233 332 46.7	73	251 	125 7 39 25 54 13 59 6 6 7 19 17 19 34.4	170 6 33 21 48 62 26 4 22 77 21 20 21 5 10	403 12 122 325 3112 1122 122 92 4 4 4 19 16 60 - 26 4 11 19 50.2	491 - 165 125 121 80 115 36 53 7 6 49 - 10 12 18 13 13 7 6 10 11 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10	649 6 188 188 189 240 343 7 7 29 11 11 15 39 - - 6 33 - 42.7	294 5 83 90 103 13 	203 	23 112 16 042 22 628 24 245 25 559 16 159 17 034 20 104 15 208 18 058 8 954 13 393 13 937 13 274 8 860 5 896	26 761 20 684 22 945 32 130 30 124 21 455 16 647 23 711 15 173 17 265 12 471 14 766 16 16 57 835 	108
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	596 1 171 667 624 835	29 70 17 71 139	32 82 126 88 178	68 113 - 33 60	62 74 27 43 67	83 159 59 121 133	101 214 168 71 101	132 315 142 113 49	78 107 63 47 41	11 37 65 37 67	21 071 22 166 22 938 18 226 14 011	23 410 22 366 27 755 21 579 19 680	44 77 46 63 64
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 878 45 15 5 3 893 3 301 3 435 2 458 3 719 969 2 750 3 893 3 329 42 383 5 134 5.7	326 	502 4 4 506 423 429 199 458 269 199 506 439 17 39 -1 5.4	274 	273 	549 6 6 - 555 459 498 354 541 1164 377 555 463 5 70 - 17 5.6	650 26 5 5 5 542 543 430 644 83 561 655 550 63 42 5.7	751 13 751 667 701 101 6590 751 101 620 13 89 54 5.9	336 	217 	20 112 21 587 18 958 21 250 20 092 20 668 20 614 23 306 20 154 23 179 20 092 19 924 7 059 21 314 26 250 27 27 28 27 29 27 20 357	22 772 24 144 16 088 22 265 22 747 23 336 23 664 26 672 26 675 27 747 22 351 14 022 28 217 27 000 19 519 23 371	290 4 294 230 244 126 250 103 147 294 283 5 6 — 5.4
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Medion	2 497 258 271 325 269 306 507 267 174 120 \$371 997 60 218 303 184 109 73 24 26 \$93	101 26 18 6 34 7 4 6 \$401 180 16 16 87 41 19 5 5 5 5	192 48 31 35 52 11 11 28 12 6 - \$274 23 35 50 89 83 33 51 2	167 19 21 12 20 28 46 6 7 8 \$371 7 2 11 26 5 16 7 7	166 7 28 30 23 29 36 4 9 - \$339 87 - 15 36 17 12 7	356 55 43 54 46 41 67 45 5 - \$328 127 10 39 45 28 5 5 10 39 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 46 46 47 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	453 22 71 61 38 47 103 53 37 21 \$387 145 9 9 39 36 27 8 8 20 6	624 48 56 61 74 99 1122 98 40 00 26 \$387 56 61 10 11 12 12 18 4	287 277 3 58 8 32 499 299 47 34 \$437 38 -7 7 16 6	151 6 -14 39 13 22 13 19 25 \$475 61 19 6 17 5 -19	22 900 18 243 18 854 22 813 24 750 23 947 21 273 24 952 27 375 33 581 12 945 6 774 12 067 16 125 18 083 50 239	25 875 19 619 18 083 78 102 28 984 76 171 24 791 27 214 30 926 37 447 17 101 19 037 25 389 18 736 35 769	152 33 33 33 12 17 40 7 4 6 5292 96 6 55 23
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	2 497 722 530 313 221 211 211 457 43 19 8 997 536 181 101 53 35 17 54 20	101 	192 5 17 7 14 149 49 0 221 41 105 58 14	167 7 18 13 14 115 41 2 72 33 20 17 7	166 7 13 38 13 46 49 31 3 87 62 18 7	256 63 87 47 69 48 47 73 5 127 114 8 5	453 137 93 64 67 54 38 19 8 145 131 14	624 734 736 90 50 28 6 16 8 56	287 162 91 27 7 13 4 38 38	151 110 73 7 7 7 7 7	22 900 31 468 27 514 27 518 20 664 18 350 10 556 2500 12 945 20 687 7 902 4 100 4 412 2500 2500 2500 2500	25 875 39 820 26 543 23 689 20 543 18 585 10 905 3 018 17 101 25 689 6 699 4 637 5 441 4 871 5 069	152 13 5 84 43 90 96 8 8 9 9

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
Chico city	Tatal	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	6 630	2 259	1 903	550	557	740	295	255	44	27	7 456	9 625	2 514
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 44 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 34 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 107 212 577 182 91 45 2 489 1 442 833 105 50 59 3 034 1 577 669 158	844 22246 888- 792506 20137 25523 1 383 7466 19558	260 56 159 15 10 20 728 486 208 10 - 24 915 502 220 45	172 37 85 42 8 - 238 135 92 6 5 - 140 75	128 12 87 14 5 10 260 139 103 118 - 169 81 53 14	251 68 111 43 14 15 223 77 113 22 6 5 266 112 90 41	119 17 53 41 8 	66 - 28 6 32 - 106 31 57 3 8 7 83 40	27 -8 13 6 -10 -10 	- - - - 23 - 8 9 6 - 4	13 232 11 892 12 456 16 071 20 156 13 125 7 868 7 036 10 204 12 292 7 500 5 677 5 342 7 491 7 778	14 212 12 126 13 361 17 9824 12 110 9 978 8 193 11 850 17 043 7 619 6 832 10 094 8 896	150 30 83 29 8 - 984 750 166 36 14 18 1 380 984 243 59
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	443 25.3	295 24.3	79 24.5	11 25.9	11 26.1	12 11 27.7	24 28.8	12 29.2	32.9	- 35.8	5 313 4 344	6 775 6 878	34 60
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	25.3	24.3	24.5	23.9	20.1	21.1	20.0	29.2	32.9	33.6	•••	•••	23.3
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 228 1 974 224 158 46	1 522 595 84 44 14	1 278 526 71 23 5	299 222 7 15 7	339 175 8 30 5	435 238 42 17 8	161 127 7 - -	144 78 5 21 7	31 5 - 8 -	19 8 - - -	7 003 8 676 6 346 12 000 11 429	9 181 10 270 9 079 13 411 12 382	1 914 519 31 43 7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	6 338 3 830 2 270 139 99 292 42 250	2 050 1 462 525 41 22 209 19	1 841 1 137 656 37 11 62 6	550 292 204 21 33 - - -	547 263 253 18 13 10 10	729 328 373 14 14 11 7 4	295 169 120 - 6 - - -	255 132 115 8 	44 20 24 - - - - -	27 27 - - - - - - -	7 785 6 772 9 599 9 076 11 250 3 210 5 833 3 153	9 882 9 193 11 026 9 843 10 326 4 062 7 978 3 404	2 330 1 255 959 67 49 184 19 165
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	6 596 5 220 5 516 2 507 5 695 3 063 2 632 6 596 4 843 63 1 618 63	2 250 1 743 1 914 849 1 584 1 254 330 2 250 1 498 13 720 - 19 3.1	1 888 1 431 1 520 599 1 723 975 748 1 888 1 366 18 491 - 13 3.8	550 453 497 217 550 262 288 550 418 16	557 458 445 199 534 183 351 557 434 —	730 596 594 338 720 288 432 730 623 7 92	295 253 265 149 272 45 227 295 247 - 48 -	255 223 218 120 241 28 213 255 210 - 35	44 44 36 17 44 13 31 44 37 7	27 19 27 19 27 15 12 27 10 9	7 437 7 666 7 459 8 137 8 551 6 164 12 066 7 437 8 178 10 078 5 732 11 250 12 813	9 629 9 920 9 689 10 550 10 412 7 909 13 324 9 629 10 064 21 794 12 105 18 314	2 497 1 937 2 052 883 2 045 1 094 951 1 771 19 688 - 19 3.8
Median rooms	3.8			4.1	4.5	4.5	4.7	5.0		4.1			
Specified renter-occupied housing units CONTRACT RENT	6 555	2 234	1 884	539	550	730	295	252	44	27	7 450	9 633	2 496
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	468 1 248 1 733 1 231 727 534 267 219 38 90 \$190	293 604 704 346 131 59 36 39 	100 456 580 301 237 115 42 37 - 16 \$184	7 90 125 136 50 67 24 20 3 17 \$213	10 26 113 143 99 39 50 54 9 7 \$243	36 47 152 150 115 119 46 37 22 6 \$242	14 17 21 95 62 48 9 21 4 4 4 \$\$	32 47 27 78 43 7 - 18 \$307	- 8 6 13 - 17 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	8 - - 6 9 - 4 - - \$298	4 419 5 178 6 341 9 441 9 887 14 167 14 075 13 125 16 250 11 029	7 079 6 204 7 525 10 529 11 754 16 216 15 549 13 271 15 756 13 634	150 551 667 397 242 232 90 131 20 16 \$185
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	285 929 1 445 1 242 1 005 501 490 384 184 90 \$222	214 534 605 413 226 80 65 65 10 22 \$185	43 313 479 392 295 150 99 78 19 16 \$210	29 129 128 97 17 68 35 19 17 \$242	5 13 78 112 132 61 34 63 45 7 \$272	16 32 111 118 122 105 94 71 55 6 \$279	7 24 44 81 46 55 9 25 4 \$290	- 13 30 36 27 75 46 7 18 \$357	- 6 5 16 - 17 - \$267	15 - - 4 \$318	4 044 4 470 6 024 7 820 9 583 12 643 13 456 13 056 14 944 11 029	5 359 5 690 7 159 8 773 11 044 14 593 14 557 13 956 16 104 13 634	79 459 580 425 328 143 218 167 81 16 \$213
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 pe	523 718 753 687 565 1 126 1 892 291 34.0	19 102 51 78 288 1 473 223 50+	17 97 184 336 295 548 391 16 35.1	23 78 114 112 73 103 19 17 27.1	27 126 140 86 48 107 9 7 24.2	163 184 149 94 58 76 6 20.5	113 115 38 8 13 4 - 4 16.4	114 94 26 - - - 18 15.2	39 5 - - - - - 10—	27 - - - - - - - - 10—	21 544 15 903 11 985 9 442 8 361 6 915 3 385 2500—	24 854 16 767 12 133 10 059 9 128 7 981 3 537 4 217	36 42 78 83 110 427 1 503 217 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[DOIG OIC COMM	area basea on a	somple, see init	oduction, For It	leaning of symbo	is, see introduct	tion. For definition	ons of terms, se	e oppendixes A	and BJ	
Chico city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 497	258	271	325	269	306	507	267	174	120	371
PERSONS IN UNIT											1
1 person2 persons	272 870	46 118	38	34 125	22	33	47	29	23	_	341
3 persons 4 persons	514 578	24	133 52 28	64	103 75	103 59	140 99	93 70	35 33	20 38	329 386
5 persons	211	58 7	6	68 34	44 25	86 25	169 46	46 29	56 17	38 23 22	404 428
6 persons	43 9	5 –	5 9	_	-	-	6	-	10	17	682 225
8 or more persons Median	2.71	2.20	2.23	2.55	2.63	2.79	3.17	2.66	3.38	3.59	-
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER							• • • •			0.07	
Married-couple families	1 864	190	188	220	230	218	373	196	142	107	374
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	24 630	23	30	54 57	90	- 86	164	103	5 47	33	375 415
35 to 44 years	490 548	41 87	32 89	57 59	53 67	53 67	110 79	43 37	68 22	33 41	409 329
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	172 284	39 5	37 13	44 34	14 22	12 61	13 71	13 53	17	- 8	261 408
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	51 175	-	_ 6	5 24	22	6 45	18 40	14 25	13	8	465 389
35 to 44 years	18 30	_ 5	7			10	8	14	4	-	395 521
65 years and over	10 349	63	70	5 71	17	-	5	-	_		375
15 to 24 years	41	7	17	6	'-	27 -	63	18	15	5 -	279 240
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	74 77	7 9	18 10	15 20	6	6 9	19 12	- 6	9 -	5	290 299
45 to 64 yeors 65 years ond over	126 31	30 10	25	17 13	11 -	12	15	10	6		274 271
Median age	39.7	55.6	50.6	42.9	38.6	36.7	34.8	34.5	37.6	39.0	• • •
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	512	13	49	30 أ	24	,,	120		40	0.5	
1975 to 1978	938	31	48	66	26 122	132	133 269	63 145	48 97	85 28	443 422
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	516 402	63 128	79 73	124 79	74 25	45 52	66 32	33 13	25	7 _	297 250
1959 or eorlier	129	23	22	26	22	12	7	13	4	-	288
ROOMS	24						10				.17
1 to 3 rooms	24 113	12	14	30	13	22	12 22	4	-	-	417 302
5 rooms6 rooms	779 948	104 117	114 122	147 97	79 82	103 113	135 205	65 127	18 41	14	316 375
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	401 232	16	14 7	32 11	70 25	37 31	92 41	43 28	62 53	35 27	425 486
Median	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.3	6.0	5.7	5 9	60	7 0	6.6	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		,					10/				510
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	434 218	6	22	32	17 52	54 13	106	101	74 29	54 28	512 402
1960 to 1969	559 693	72 90	84 102	60 123	63 82	66 89	108	71 28	13 39	22	350 1 319
1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	283 310	57 27	17 41	75 35	32 23	49 35	42 81	11 42	19	7	295 391
VALUE											4
Less than \$10,000		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	13 49	7 11	-	25	13	-	-	-	-	-	146 4
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	64 288	6 51	14 30	21 40	49	21 61	51	6	-	_	323
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	518 911	81 91	63 135	106 70	53 86	64 82	125 227	26 148	58	14	308 395
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	405 203	11	24	35 22	34 21	59	54 46	65 22	62 52	61	468 530 377
\$150,000 or more Medion	46 \$66 300	\$56 400	\$66 900	\$56 900	\$61 300	\$61 800	\$65 200	\$72 800	\$89 700	\$95 000	377
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, , , , , , ,			,			
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979				Ì							2
Less than 15 percent	722 530	159	144	177 64	96 63	65 117	129	29 27	10	2	266 383
20 to 24 percent	313 221	34	21	30 14	20 32	22	86 69	66 37	25	34	425 443
30 to 34 percent	211 457	10	13	5 . 35 .	17	28 52	36 135	47 54	35 48	20	489
35 percent or more	43	12 8	18	14 1	18 1	18 8	12 24 6	26 1	29 2	28 9	422 (
Median	17.0	120	147	141	,,,,	100	240	*() /	***	40.	11
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	2 497	258	271	325	269	306	507	267	174	120	971 16
Steam or hot water system	13 1 795	177	703	716	177	195	348	230	149	99	382
Other built-in electric units	41 315	41	9 37	72	13	61	19 56	6	9		344 3
Ploor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	333 2 272	40 225	77 233	37	46 232	43 283	84 475	31 243	16	120	300
Air conditioning	1 817	176	187	209	170	202	380	218 25	155	120	301
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	455 2 497	258	46 271	325	269	306	507	267	174	120	371
Utility gas	2 088	225	258	300	208	261	381	223	142	161	See"
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	292	15	9	18	43	17	101	37	3.2	160	447
Other	99	18	4	7	18	21	25	6			3.40

Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Dota are estimate	s based on a sam	ple, see Introducti	on. For meaning	ot symbols, see I	ntroduction. For	definitions of term	is, see appendixes	A and B]	
Chico city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	997	60	218	303	184	109	73	24	26	93
PERSONS IN UNIT	<i>'''</i>	30	2,0		,04	,,,,	,,,	•	10	,,
	200	20	110		40	,,,	2		10	
1 person	298 517	32 28	110	80 175	103	15	2	5	12	77
2 persons	105	20	81 17	23	27	74 15	42 17	7 /	7	96 112
3 persons	53		10	11	7	15	12	6	7	112
5 persons	14	_	10	4	5	5	12	<u> </u>		120 115
6 persons	5]	_	5	3		_	I :	_	88
7 persons	5	_	-	5	_	_	_	_	_	88 88
8 or more persons	I -	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Median	1.89	1,44	1.49	1.91	1,99	2.03	2.32	2.50	1.64	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	604	28	73	205	127	81	63	13	14	100
15 to 24 years	-	_	-	- 1	_	_	_	_	_	-
25 to 34 years	41	9	-	15	5	5	7	-	_	94
35 to 44 years	6	-	-	_6	-	_	-			. 88
45 to 64 years	221	,-	34 39	.70	46	39	19	6	7	104
65 years and over	336	19		114	76	37	37	7	7	99
Male householder, no wife present	63	5	15	21	-	8	8	6	-	89
15 to 24 years	13 10	5	5	5	-	-	8	- 1	-	159
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	10	,	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	50
45 to 64 years	1 11	_	3	_	_	8	_			133
65 years and over	29	_	7	16	_	_		6	_	87
Female householder, no husband present	330	27	130	77	57	20	2	Š	12	78
15 to 24 years	"-		_	-	_				~	1
25 to 34 years	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	- 1	- 1
35 to 44 years	-	-	_	_	_	-	_		-	-
45 to 64 years	84	13	25	17	12	10	-	-	7	81
65 years and over	246	14	105	60	45	10	2	5	5	77
Median age	68.8	66.4	71.9	69.2	69.3	62.9	66.0	75.0	64.3	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
	20			17	-		7			07
1979 to March 1980	28	,7	10	16	,5	,-		~	-	97
1975 to 1978	78 110	14	10 28	16 40	18 11	13	7 20	_	-	98
1970 to 1974	161	6 3	85	10	30	5 19	5	2	7	88 73
1959 or earlier	620	37	95	221	120	72	34	22	19	95
1737 Of earlier	020	3,	,,	221	120	′-	54		"	,,
ROOMS										
	23	23								
1 to 3 rooms	21	21 24	67	49		-	2		-	50-
4 rooms5 rooms	168 357	15	106		20 66	26	11	6	-	72
6 rooms	288	13	34	133 93	49	58	30	12	12	86 109
7 roams	88		5	11	32	25	15	'2	12	122
8 or more rooms	75		6	17	17	23	15	6	14	121
Median	5.4	3.9	4.9	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.3	6.0	8.5+	121
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		· · · ·		5.0	5.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	5.5 1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	31	_	_	_	11	13	7	_ 1	_	134
1970 to 1974	23	5	_	5	امُ'	13	7		_	106
1960 to 1969	75	ا ا	13	25	່າ້	11	8	_	7	99
1950 to 1959	204	_	36	42	38	31	33	5	19	116
1940 to 1949	202	18	51	62	37	24	4	6	_	88
1939 or earlier	462	37	118	169	81	30	14	13	_	86
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	[_	_	-	-	-	-	-	- :	
\$10,000 to \$19,999	44	3	27	_6		8	-			68
\$20,000 to \$29,999	156	29	51	54	15		,-	7	- 1	74
\$30,000 to \$39,999	120	17	34	41	12	,5	1]	-	-	80 88 89
\$40,000 to \$49,999	185	-	57	68	45	10	.5	-	7	88
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	138 209	11	33 16	64 57	11	11 32	12 20	_ [/	107
	91	''	10	- ,	73				5	132
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	40	-	-	9	28	34	13	10	7	179
\$150,000 or more	14		_	,	_		5	,,,	7	250
Median	\$49 700	\$26 900	\$38 600	\$47 800	\$63 000	\$75 200	\$68 300	\$95 000	\$128 600	
		+10,00	+30 000	Ţ., 000	+30 000	+.5 250	,30 000		,	• • •
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1									
Less than 10 percent	536	32	94	174	121	63	32	6	14	95
10 to 14 percent	181	32 28	30	60	18	31	8	6	_	89
15 to 19 percent	101	-	26	21	19	10	25	-	-	105
20 to 24 percent	53	_	13	21 33	7	-	- 1	-	-	85
25 to 29 percent	35	-	5	10	13	-	-	7	-	105
30 to 34 percent	17	-	5	-	6	-	6	-		115
35 percent or more	54	-	25	5	-	5	2	5	12	85
Not computed	20		20			ı . <u>.</u> - l			., -	63
Median	10-	10-	10.8	10-	10—	10-	12.8	20.0	10—	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	997	60	218	303	184	109	73	24	26	93
Steam or hot water system	- 1			_	-	''	-		-	
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	476	26	14	108	133	80	65	24	26	117
Other built-in electric units	10	- 1	~	10	_	_	-	1		88 78
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	314	11	132 72	105	35	23	8	-	-	78
Other means	197	23		80	16	6	_	- 1	-	76
Air conditioning	822	30	164	252	157	103	73	17	26	97
Central system	439	11	36	98	119	75	62	17	21	116
1 or more individual room units	383	19	128	154	38	28	11		5	82 93
House heating fuel	997	60	218	303	184	109	73	24	26	93
Utility gas	926	49	218	263	177	103	66	24	26	94
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	13	6	-		-	i - I	7	-	-	154 85
Electricity	28	5	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	85
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	30	-	-	17	7	7	-	-	-	97
Other	J 30	-	-	17	/	6	-	-	-	7/

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Doto ore estima				r meaning of s	ymbols, see In	troduction. For	definitions of te			1	
Chico city		1975 to	vner-occupied	housing units 1960 to	1040 **	1020 -			nter-occupied h		1040 **	1020 -
	Total	Morch 1980	1974	1960 10	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	3 893	521	260	700	1 523	889	6 630	1 516	1 165	1 106	1 752	1 091
KOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no write present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 46 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age Median age	2 659 36 709 535 850 529 444 84 235 28 58 39 790 41 99 85 233 332 46.7	412 12 166 116 106 12 63 10 40 40 8 - 5 46 8 14 - 18 6 35.6	214 7 38 65 86 18 18 6 - 5 9 - - - - 43.0	508 5 125 121 180 77 106 29 46 - 26 5 86 7 13 36 28 22 42.9	1 041 12 287 179 343 2200 128 21 76 10 14 7 354 17 45 29 112 151 49.0	484 - 93 54 135 202 110 16 55 4 18 17 295 18 20 75 173 62.5	1 107 212 577 182 91 45 2 489 1 442 833 105 50 59 3 034 1 577 669 158 187 443 25.3	219 78 100 8 20 13 650 411 190 26 7 16 647 391 82 23 42 109 24.2	88 8 74 - 6 - 376 219 127 9 16 5 701 379 156 12 47 107 24.8	226 17 125 64 20 	355 59 168 83 26 19 693 356 289 28 13 7 704 4 326 214 60 20 84 26.5	219 50 110 27 19 13 391 228 944 38 6 6 25 481 269 114 15 22 61 25.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	596 1 171 667 624 835	204 317 — —	35 135 90 - -	105 203 165 227	201 313 319 243 447	51 203 93 154 388	4 228 1 974 224 158 46	1 129 387 ~ ~	752 346 67 —	639 384 55 28	1 077 556 60 47 12	631 301 42 83 34
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	18 23 44 353 1 266 1 321 868 5.7	- 4 6 117 250 144 6.0	- 5 11 53 88 103 6.2	5 12 24 206 289 164 5.9	18 11 14 173 524 504 279 5.5	7 9 139 366 190 178 5.3	608 866 1 264 1 844 1 034 786 228 3.8	433 188 276 325 125 158 11	68 248 245 379 127 93 5	13 146 260 424 183 51 29 3.8	41 172 284 484 406 299 66 4 3	53 112 199 232 193 185 117 4 3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	3 878 2 750 1 083 37 8 15 - 10	521 318 203 	260 183 77 - - - - -	700 507 177 16 - - - -	1 514 1 021 464 21 8 9 - 4	883 721 162 - - 6 - 6	6 338 3 830 2 270 139 99 292 42 250	1 294 696 558 14 26 222 12 210	1 144 843 290 11 	1 099 626 417 50 6 7	1 731 1 029 611 46 45 21	1 070 636 394 18 22 21 11
PERSONS IN UNIT person	673 1 555 661 696 246 62 2.32	61 165 108 134 43 10 2.82	23 103 40 69 25 - 2.60	62 285 158 155 31 9 2 52 2 128	243 607 271 252 114 36 2 35 4 331	284 395 84 86 33 7 1 91 2 013	2 765 1 944 1 033 566 254 68 1 78	842 364 131 157 22 1 40 2 616	612 370 113 62 8 - 1 45	380 365 227 57 69 8 1 97	565 533 326 192 98 36 2 08	366 312 234 96 57 24 2.06
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	3 729 71 36 15 26	521 - - - - - -	257 3 - - - -	624 - 11 - 10 - 5	1 455 21 17 15 4	822 47 8 12	2 069 415 938 693 1 280 1 217	150 46 192 142 376 605	139 28 172 104 291 424 7	238 99 149 106 341 113	1 090 100 198 144 198 15	45 142 223 187
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	3 893 1 13 2 500 69 719 592 3 435 2 458 977 3 893 3 329 42 363 134 294 7 6	521 7 487 5 22 521 521 389 124 8 28 5-4	260 216 5 7 32 254 747 12 260 202 45	700 6 552 48 39 55 641 553 88 700 572 6 102	1 523 927 11 369 216 350 885 465 1 523 1 367 25 91 40 158	889 	6 596 46 2 690 627 1 857 1 376 5 516 2 507 3 009 6 596 4 843 63 61 1 618 66 67 2 514	1 516 15 935 240 132 194 1 492 984 508 1 516 71* 759	1 165 6 564 147 285 163 1 136 562 574 1 165 850 35 280	1 106 8 507 81 369 142 1 029 535 494 1 106 813 226	1 724 465 133 652 474 1 216 204 922 1 724 1 451 500 45 633	1 085 210 26 420 403 643 132 1 085 948 6 104 449 41 2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$14,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more. Median.	326 506 274 273 555 655 751 336 217 \$20 092 \$22 747	20 13 20 39 77 107 158 73 14 \$24 413 \$25 330	13 27 12 36 34 85 76 32 \$25 833 \$31 516	11 58 34 39 108 144 171 95 40 \$22,451 \$77,127	149 230 107 119 186 264 273 109 86 \$19.364 \$21.962	146 192 91 64 148 106 64 3.1 45 \$13.105 \$16.562	2 250 1 903 550 557 7 40 295 255 44 27 \$7 456 \$9 625	640 409 131 86 139 65 13 4 \$6 105 \$8 174	\$4 49	101 104 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	480	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Owner-occupied h	nousing units				Re	nter-occupied	I housing units		<u> </u>	
Chico city	Total	1 unit, detached or ottached	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	3 8 93 42	3 729 42	148	16	6 630 51	2 068 13	415	938 18	693	1 280 7	1 217 13	19
HDUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	2 659	2 608	5]	-	1 107	501	120	114	91	161	115	5
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	36 709	31 703	5	-	212 577	83 231	21 78	42 44	12 66	41 86	13 67	5
35 to 44 years	535 850	529 820	30	-	182 91	106 57	6 8 7	28	6 - 7	14 20	22 6	-
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	529 444	525 3 93	4 35	16	45 2 489	24 758	98	360	285	488	486	14
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	84 235	64 225	10 10	10	1 442 833	413 299	43 49	208 102	220 40	278 153	280 176	14
35 to 44 years	28 58	24 41	11	6	105 50	32 8	-	18 12	19 6	18 17	18	_
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	39 790	39 728	62	-	3 034	809	197	20 464	317	631	616	-
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	41 99	41 86	13	=	1 577 669	399 218	70 78	283 129	217 40	306 79	302 125	- [
35 to 44 years	85 233	77 229	8	_	158 187	69 29	5 19	22	10 37	53 37	21 43	-
65 years and over Median age	332 46.7	295 46.7	37 46.7	24.0	443 25.3	94 26.4	25 27.8	30 24.4	13 23.7	156 25.3	125 25.2	27.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	596	578	18	.7	4 228	1 228	268	628	491	818	788	7
1975 to 1978	1 171 667	1 106 661	55 6	10	1 974 224	648 91	114 13	265 25	172 7	360 62	410 19	7
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	624 835	605 779	19 50	6	158 46	69 32	20 _	13 7	23	33 7	-	-
ROOMS 1 room	18	8	5	5	608	61	_	34	39	142	325	7
2 rooms3 rooms	23 44	12 25	5 14	6 5	866 1 264	164 255	34 74	132 165	134 174	237 310	165 279	7
4 rooms5 rooms	353 1 266	312 1 220	41 46	_	1 844 1 034	457 502	166 69	312 154	175 90	367 157	362 62	5
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 321 868	1 308 844	13 24	. = .	786 228	450 179	58 14	129 12	68 13	62 5	19 5	-
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5.7	5.7	4.7	2.0	3.8	4.7	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.9
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	3 878 2 750	3 72 9 2 641	1 33 98	16 11	6 338 3 830	2 065 1 228	415 243	911 565	684 377	1 243 723	1 001 689	19
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	1 083 37	1 043 37	35	5 -	2 270 139	748 45	165 7	335 5	271 21	462 51	275 10	14
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	8 15	8 -	15	-	99 292	44 3	_	2 7	15 9	7 37	27 216	=
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	10	_	10		42 250	3	_	12 15	5 4	13 24	12 204	-
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	5	-	5	_			_	_	-	-	_	=
BEDROOMS None	18	8	5	5	717	76	_	46	66	178	344	7
2	132 944	86 883	35 61	11	2 080 2 433	421 736	149 159	357 341	258 218	436 564	459 403	12
4	2 269 446	2 250 431	19 15	Ξ.	917 398	591 196	81 1 <u>9</u>	75 107	109 29	55 42	6 5	-
5 or more	84	71	13	_	85	48	7	12	13	5	- (05	-
.ess than \$5,000	326 506	300 463	21 37	5	2 259 1 903	504 491	126 114	324 309	210 255	460 421	635 308	5 7
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	274 273	261 263	8 10	5 -	550 557	153 253	46 55	74 76	53 46	145 63	72 64	
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	555 655	526 639	29 16	-	740 295	327 144	45 11	100 31	90 5	112 42	66 55	- - 7
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	751 336	735 325	16 11	-	255 44	152 32	18	19 5	19	30 7	17	-
\$50,000 or more	\$20 092	\$20 384	\$14 500	\$6 250	\$7 456	\$10 637	\$8 646	\$7 120	\$6 984	\$6 807	\$4 829	\$11 607 \$14 722
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$22 747	\$23 072	\$16 217	\$7 264	\$9 625	\$12 287	\$9 286	\$8 450	\$10 218	\$8 430	\$6 964	
Steam or hot water system	3 893 13	3 729 13	148	16	6 596 46	2 047 5	415 8	932	686 6	1 280 21	1 217	19
Centrol warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	2 500 69	2 432 58	57 11	11	2 690 627	646 148	167 28	286 88	213 88	659 118	707 157	12
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnaceOther means	719 592	693 533	26 54	5	1 857 1 376	727 521	152 60	264 294	164 215	292 190	258 89	7
Vir conditioning	3 435 2 458	3 297 2 419	128 39	10	5 516 2 507	1 457 510	307 151	789 238	551 186	1 191	1 207 729	14
/ehicles available	3 719 969	3 576 909	127 50	16 10	5 695 3 063	1 937 800	357 195	817 439	618 332	1 035 637	912 653	19
2 or moreiouse heating fuel	2 750 3 893	2 667 3 729	77 148	16	2 632 6 596	1 137 2 047	162 415	378 932 784	286 686	398 1 280	259 1 217	12 19 12
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	3 329 42	3 192 31	132	5 11	4 843 63	1 678 12	335 6 67	_	510 23	854 9	670 6 541	7
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	383 5	372 5	11	=	1 618	315	6/ - 7	143 - 5	147 6	405 - 12	341 -	-
Other	134 3 893	129 3 729	148	16	66 6 627	42 2 065	415	938 769	693 550	1 280 947	1 217 736	19 5
Utility gas 8ottled, tank, or LP gas Flectricity	3 609 40 244	3 481 40 208	123 - 25	5 - 11	5 123 139 1 349	1 766 54 237	350 9 56	169	14 129	41 284	736 14 467	7 7
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	244	208	25	"-	1 349	237	- 26	-	124	284 8	407	-
Other amily householder With own children under 18 years	2 975 1 308	2 903 1 261	72 47	=	1 867 1 136	748 485	1 80 91	214 128	155 74	299 182	266 176	5
With own children under 16 years With own children under 6 years male householder, no husband present	503 250	486 229	47 17 21	-	720 625	257 1 83	48 56	84 88	66 47	132 121	133 130	-
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	126 20	114 20	12	=	532 299	158 68	43 13	78 48	30 22	100 64	123 84	=
onfamity householder come in 1979 below poverty level	918 294	826 275	76 14	16	4 763 2 514	1 320 670	235 139	724 429	538 316	981 456	951 504	14
Percent below poverty level	7.6	7.4	9.5	31.3	37.9	32.4	33.5	45.7	45.6	35.6	41.4	_

Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Data are estimat	res based on a s	ample, see intro	duction. For me	oning of symbols.	see Introduction	. For definition	s of terms, see	appendixes A a	nd B]	
Chico city	Tatal	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied hausing units	3 893 312	673 -	1 555 165	661 93	6 96 39	246 15	48	14	-	2.32 2.45	10 790 902
To 3 rooms	85 353 1 266 1 321 521 347 5.7	29 140 278 164 38 24 5.1	24 125 570 559 191 86 5.6	17 41 197 219 134 53 5.8	7 41 176 244 112 116 6.0	8 6 40 111 40 41 6.1	- 5 10 6 27 7.8	14 	-	2.06 1.79 2.12 2.39 2.74 3.59	237 710 3 107 3 852 1 600 1 284
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	3 878 3 833 37 8 15	673 673 - - - - -	1 549 1 549 - - 6 6	656 651 5 - 5 - 5	692 685 7 4 4	246 232 6 8 -	48 43 5 - -	14 - 14 - - -	-	2.32 2.30 5.60 5.00 2.80 2.33 -	10 728 10 480 213 35 62 43
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mabile home ar trailer, etc.	3 729 148 16	622 35 16	1 494 61 -	642 19 -	668 28 ~	241 5 -	48 - -	14 - -	-	2.33 2 14 1 00	10 393 369 28
VALUE Specified awner-occupied housing units \$10,000 to \$10,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999	3 494 - 57 205 184 473 656 1 120 496 243 662 900	570 	1 387 - 22 79 64 211 269 433 212 80 17 \$62 600	619 - - 20 22 86 128 237 99 17 10 \$63 000	631 	225 	48 - - - 10 11 10 10 7 \$93 000	14 - - - 5 9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-	2.35 1 48 1 94 1 83 2 14 2.32 2 51 2 50 3.51 2 90	9 766
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected manthly owner casts as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income In 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner casts as percentage of household income With a mortgaged Not mortgaged	3 893 \$20 092 17.2 19.8 10— 294 \$3 237 43.3 50+ 32.0	673 \$8 388 24.4 33.7 17.2 109 \$2500— 43.5 50+ 41.0	1 555 \$19 116 13.6 17.7 10— 98 \$3 047 32.5 40.0 24.7	\$61 \$23 613 18.3 21.7 10— 19 \$4 479 50+	\$96 \$24 604 18 4 19.1 10— 39 \$6 687 45.8 45.8	246 \$25 484 17.8 18.7 10— 24 \$4 500 50+ 50+	\$43 000 16.8 16.3 17.5 5 5 \$6 250 17.5 17.5	\$21 250 11 1 12 5 10 —	-	1.89	10 790
Renter-occupied hausing units Nonrelatives present	6 630 2 173	2 765	1 944 1 131	1 033 582	566 345	254 93	35	9 -	24	1.78 2.46	13 325 6 091
ROOMS 1 raam 2 rooms	608 866 1 264 1 844 1 034 786 228 3.8	570 634 760 560 162 74 5	34 127 393 822 398 152 18 4 0	- 71 79 334 289 211 49 4 6	4 18 19 88 139 225 73 5 6	- 13 32 39 101 69 59	- 6 - 8 - 7		10 - 7 7 7	1 03 1 18 1 33 1 94 2 39 3 29 4 08	655 1 162 1 812 3 612 2 483 2 544 1 057
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	6 338 6 100 139 99 292 292	2 504 2 504 - - 261 261 -	1 925 1 891 - 34 19 19	1 033 962 71 - -	558 517 19 22 8 8	250 205 32 13 4 4	35 21 8 6	9	24	1.65 1.79 3.48 4.20 1.06	12 966 12 074 493 399 359 359
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare Mobile harme or trailer, etc.	2 068 415 938 693 1 280 1 217	590 124 345 265 640 794 7	569 132 304 258 392 277 12	437 77 185 95 137 102	257 54 90 54 72 39	154 21 14 21 39 5	28 7	9	24	2 28 2 13 1 91 1 87 1 50 1 2° 1 71	5 103 972 1 89 1 294 2 270 1 158 41
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more Na cosh rent Median	6 555 285 929 1 445 1 242 1 005 501 490 384 184 90 \$222	2 722 221 607 867 564 239 109 37 38 5 \$180	1 924 29 195 355 430 521 200 75 37 38 44 \$243	1 024 10 99 137 175 175 123 182 99 17 7	563 15 11 75 40 44 51 166 121 40	254 10 11 33 26 12 30 51 77 4 \$406	35 6 22 7 \$452	9	24 10 7 7 \$103	1 79 1 14 1 27 1 33 1 63 2 01 2 21 3 23 3 65 4 30	13 178 307 1 375 2 067 2 183 2 126 1 170 1 450 1 266 943 201
SELECTEO CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median grass rent as percentuge of household income	6 630 \$7 456 34 0 2 514 \$3 635 50 +	2 765 \$4 621 18 1 997 \$2500 50 +	1 944 \$8 882 30 7 681 \$4 046 50 4	1 033 \$9 992 30 7 403 \$6 034 45 1	566 \$13 275 33 9 308 \$9 107 45 7	254 \$13,571 37,0 108 \$8,400 45,5	33 \$16 607 33 7 3 \$18 750 45 0	\$18 750 27 5	\$12 143 \$12 143 11 4 14 \$11 250 27 0	1 78	13 325

1980 Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units:

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

			Morried-cou	d-couple families				Male householder no wife	der no wife pr	Dresent	\vdash	4	male household	Female householder on hisband present	d present		
Chico city	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	ۆ و ∣	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 4	29 s 20 s 20 s 20 s	65 years and over	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
-												2004			2004	+	3
Owner-occupied housing units	3 893	38	209	232	820	529	Z	235	28	85	36	4	8	82	233	332	£6.7
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 7 persons	673 1 555 661 661 246 246 222 10 790	25 6 2.22 108	215 187 187 238 59 10 325 2 250	233 233 137 279 2 279	471 191 133 30 25 240 240 2 635	491 23 15 15 - 2.04 1 163	16 20 33 15 15 2.68 2.67	143 61 24 7 7 - 1,32 377	9 1. 8 1. 1. 1. 58	21 27 10 10 - 1.80	6901 1 6 1 1 33	51 1 4 1 1 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	36 23 23 6 6 7.7.1 225	29 29 34 34 254 254	130 62 17 19 19 5 1.40 473	258 58 11 5 - 1.14 425	60.3 39.9 38.1 43.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 878 45 15	8 1 1 1	709 24 -	535	844 4 6 7	529	8 1 22 22	235	1 1 1 8	88111	36	4 1 1	8 111	85 - 1	229	335	46.6 32.6 53.1 22.5
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1070																	
With a marriage With a marriage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 to 19 percent 32 to 29 percent 33 to 24 percent 34 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 36 to 24 percent 37 to 24 percent 38 to 24 percent 39 to 24 percent 30 to 24 percent 30 to 24 percent 30 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent	2 4 9 9 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	34.0 37.0 37.0 37.0	671 630 140 1122 883 883 883 883 884 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	644 647 648 649	769 548 548 237 237 237 248 26.3 26.3 27 154 154 157 17 17	508 73 73 73 73 73 73 71 11 18 7 7	20 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	10 175 175 18 18 18 19 10 10	85 0 0 8 8 1 1 2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 2	25.0 2.0 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	44 V 4 1 2 6 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.7. 1.8. 1.8. 1.9. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0	77	26. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28	33.5.5.28 8.8.2.5.3.3.5.3.3.3.5.5.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3	6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.
Renter-occupied housing units	6 630	212	577	182	6	45	1 442	833	105	20	85	1 577	699	158	187	443	25.3
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person- 2 persons 2 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 6 more persons 6 Median	2 765 1 944 1 033 566 254 254 1 78 13 325	143 473 15 7 2.24 496	217 116 147 147 91 8 3.12 1 650	3.33.2 3.33.3 3.33.2 5.76	2.55 2.55	35 3 7 7 129	579 479 479 233 110 37 4 4 1.80	510 215 215 80 23 23 5 1.32 1 216	76 16 7 7 1.19 169	24 1 1 8 9 9	53 6 6 7 1.06 73	656 503 216 169 30 3 1.76 3 085	288 167 160 29 25 25 1.78	112 92 17 17 20 3.04 459	146 21 14 6 6 1 14 274	403 40 1.05 457	26.2 24.2 25.4 24.8 31.4 39.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 338 238 292	212	577 86 1	182 45 -	2 1	5 1 1 1	1 335 31 107	792 13 41	13 4 2	887	53 1 9 1	1 491 38 86	21 2	158 21 -	176 - II	1 1 1	25.5 28.2 23.5
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified ranter-occupied housing units. Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 60 percent or more Nort computed	6 555 523 718 753 753 687 687 1 126 1 126 34.0	208 3 8 3.5 26 44 44 44 40 33 33 33 88.5	577 65 115 101 63 63 114 44 25.12	18.3 18.3 18.3 18.3	23 22 22 14 14 12 13 13 14	45 1 1 2 2 9 0 1.4	1 420 1 420 1 127 1 125 1 125	824 136 136 118 52 82 112 50 24.4	98 25 12 12 18 18 27 27 25.3	50 44 50 1.24 1.24	59 7 7 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	1 564 44 62 103 122 122 329 731 48 48	66 81 81 81 81 80 67 80 80 81 13 32 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	158 13 13 18 19 19 32 35 35 29.9	187 12 12 23 23 30 19 19 19 35.0	22 1 23 28 88 85 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			Sample, See	Male hous		or symbols,	see iiiii oqocii	on. For definit	ons or remis	Female hou			
Chico city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	673	222	16	143	9	21	33	451	15	36	12	130	258
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	673 -	222	16	143	9 -	21_	33	451	15	36	12	130	258
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	35	197	6	138 5	5 4	15	33	425 26	15	31 5	12	130	237 21
Mobile home or trailer, etc	16 216	16	10	_	-	6	-	202	-	- 5	-	- 55	142
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	165 93 38	30 52 22	5	12 41 22	- - -	6	12 - -	135 41 16	- 9 6	11	5 - -	41 ? 5	82 14 5
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	90 36 28	57 24 23	6	37 18 13	4 5	-	16 - 5	33 12 5	-	13	7	5 5 5	15
\$35,000 to \$49,999	58 388	\$14 205	\$11 500	\$14 602	\$27 750	\$5 625	\$17 250	55 773	\$12 083	\$11 364	\$20 357	7 \$6 667	54 678
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	\$10 263	\$14 749	\$12 477	\$15 446	\$23 010	\$6 116	\$16 070	\$8 055	\$11 450	\$11 468	\$15 305	\$10 638	\$ 5 743
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a martgage	570 272 46	172 144 5	6	113 108	5 5	1 5 1 5 5	33 10	398 128 41	15 15	25 25	12 12 5	122 58 19	224 18 10
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	38 34 22	6 22 22	-	6 17 22	-	-	- 5 -	32 12	9 6 -	13	-	10	-
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	33 47 29	28 22 22	- - 6	23 17 10	5 - -	- - 6	5	5 25 7	-	5	7	5 ? 5	6 2
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	23 - \$341	17 - \$380	- \$550	13 \$370	\$375	\$542	\$375	\$236	- \$242	- \$221	- \$457	5250	\$190
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	298 32 110	28 5 7	-	5	-	-	23	270 27 103	-	-	-	64 13 18	206 14
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	80 42	16	-	-	-	-	16	64 42	-	=	-	10	85 54 36
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	15 2 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 2 5	-	-	-	10	5
\$250 or more Median	\$77	\$78	-	\$50-	_	-	\$82	\$77	-	-	-	\$ 77	\$77
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	24.4	31.3	32.5	33.3	17.5	50+	10.2	22.6	30.8 30.8	19.8	29.3	32.2	20.6
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Incame in 1979 below poverty level	33.7 17.2 109	33.5 10— 14	32.5 - 5 31.3	33 8 10	17.5	50+ - 9 42 9	25 0 10-	33 9 18 8 95 21 1		-	29 3	43 4 6 8 44 33 8	34 5 19 4 51 19 8
Percent below poverty level	16.2 2 765	6.3 1 260	579	510	76	42	53	1 505	656	288	12	146	403
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 504 261	1 091 169	477 102	469 41	63 13	35 7	47 6	1 413 92	589 67	274 14	12	135	403
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	590 124	271 46	92 13	150 27	23	-	6	319 78	161 21	55 26	-	23	80
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	345 265 640	165 115 297	67 72 136	66 22 104	6 15 18	12 6 17	14 - 22	180 150 343	83 81 122	76 24 33	- - 7	10 32 32	11 13 149
50 or mare Mobile home or trailer, etc.	794 7	359 7	199	134 7	14	7	5 -	435	188	74	5	43	124
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 522 748	601 363	356 184	166 149	37 6	25	17 24	921 385	445 191	98 78	12	71 58	301
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	154 . 111 146 .	91 77 80	27	53 71 50	6 6 12	5 6	- 5	63 34 66	13	39 17 43		1.5	1
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	35 27 7	17 16	5	12	-	-	7	18 11 7		6 7	-	-	8
\$50,000 or more	15 \$4 621 \$6 522	\$5 306 \$7 444	\$4 033 \$4 365	\$8 000 \$8 635	\$5 417 \$18 288	\$4 091 \$14 665	\$5 990 \$8 357	\$4 305 \$5 750	\$3 594 \$3 930	\$7 212 \$8 948	\$2.600	\$5 101 \$6 660	\$4 165 \$6 185
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	2 722	1 238 49	572	501	70 12	42	5 2	1 484 172	643 11	288 11	12	140	395
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	221 607 867	324 448	162 244	111 172	76 12	14	11 20	283 419	153	49 83	=	12	49
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	364 239 109	247 95 47	110 28 15	120 55 12	7 9	11 5 6	5	317 144 62	119 41 29	72 36 23	1	34	38
\$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or mate	37 38 3	11	4	- 11	-	**	-	33 27 5	20	,		-	
No cash rent Median	35 \$180	\$178	\$174	\$184	\$146	\$227	\$176	5183	\$180	3.198	3.771	1200	1 13
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	38.1 997	34 9 479	50 + 311	24.3 112	22 0 30	28.0	29.3 12	4) 4	50 + 364	30 1 71	30 p	3A 6	30 ¢
Income in 1979 below poverty level	36 1	38 0	53.7	22 0	39.5	33 3	27.6	34.4	35.5	24.7	41	(14	4.6

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

								-	
Chico city	Tatol	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or mare months	Chico city	Total	Less than 2 manths	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	75	27	36	12	Vacant far rent hausing units	348	209	107	32
ROOMS					ROOMS				
to 3 rooms	4 - 34 21 16 - 5.5	- 5 13 9	- 26 3 7 - 5.2	4 - 3 5 - - 5.2	1 raam	25 21 61 137 100 4	5 15 33 95 57 4	20 5 28 36 18 -	- 1 - 6 25 - -
PLUMBING FACILITIES					Median	4.0	4.0	3.5	4.9
Complete plumbing far exclusive useacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 3EDROOMS	70 5	27 -	36	7 5	PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	343 5	204 5	107 -	32
\understand	- 4 - 62 9	- - 21 6 -	- - 33 3 -	4 - 8 - -	BEDROOMS Nane	25 83 170 61 9	5 48 120 27 9	20 34 36 17	- 1 14 17 -
/EAR STRUCTURE BUILT 975 to March 1980 970 to 1974 960 to 1969 950 to 1959 940 to 1949 939 or earlier JNITS IN STRUCTURE	43 6 14 4 3 5	13 6 5 - 3	23 - 9 4 -	7 - - - 5	5 or more YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	99 60 55 54 48	32 41 47 40 44	49 13 - 14 4 27	18 6 8 -
, detached ar attached ? ar more	65 10 -	27 - - 21	29 7 - 27	9 3 -	UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottached 2	135 - 54 29 86	109 - 27 15 24	26 - 19 8 44	- - 8 6 18
Inter means lone	15	6 -	-	=	50 or more Mobile hame or troiler	44	34	10	-
Specified vacant for sale anly housing units ess than \$10,000	65 - - - 5 5 35 17 3 \$77 200	27 - - - - 5 19 3 - 3 - 7	29 	9 - - - 5 - - 4 4 \$49 500	Specified vacant for rent housing units	348 15 40 85 110 69 24 5 \$214	209 15 20 55 77 25 12 5 \$206	107 - 20 21 33 33 - \$234	32 - - 9 - 11 12 - \$266

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Data are estin	iates basea (an a sample,	, see intradi	Jetion. For i	neoning or sy	mbals, see Ir	ntroduction. Fo	r definitions	or rerms, se	e appenaixe	s A ana Bj		
		Price asked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale anly hou	sing units			Rent aske	d—Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	units	
:hico city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 ar mare	Median (dallars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 ta \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dalfars)
Total	65	_	-	5	57	3	77 200	34 B	15	125	179	24	5	214
LUMBING FACILITIES					•									
amplete plumbing far exclusive use acking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	60 5		_	- 5	57 -	3 -	77 700 47 500	343 5	10 5	125	179	24	<u>5</u>	215 50—
EDROOMS														
or more	- 4 - 52 9	-	- - - - -	5	- 4 - 44 9	- - 3 -	85 000 - 77 400 72 500	25 83 170 61 9	10 - - 5 -	25 52 35 13 —	21 121 37 -	- 14 6 4	5	146 167 230 251 50—
EAR STRUCTURE BUILT 975 to March 1980	33 6 14 4 3 5	-	-	- - - - 5	30 6 14 4 3	3	82 100 70 000 76 100 67 500 77 500 47 500	99 60 55 54 48 32	10 5 - - -	20 28 28 14 13 22	59 21 18 36 35 10	10 6 4 4 -	5	251 177 169 215 211
NITS IN STRUCTURE														:
detoched ar attached or mare obile hame ar trailer	65 	:::		 	57 	3	77 200 	135 213 -	10 5 -	40 85 -	72 107 -	8 16 -	5 - -	210 225 -

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau Suffolk, N,Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's.

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, *Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants*, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the *Number of Inhabitants* report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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sus Group Quarters Data	B-2	Units in Structure	B-6
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Race of the Householder.	0-3	Value	B-7
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ple and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder	B4	Mortgage Status and Selected	
Comparability With 1970	0 1	Monthly Owner Costs	B- 7
Census Data on Race of the		Mortgage Status and Selected	
Householder .	B-4	Monthly Owner Costs as a	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin of		Percentage of House	0 7
the Householder	B - 5	hold Income in 1979	B 7 B 7
Limitations of the Data		Rent	D /
on Householders of		Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B -5	in 1979	в 8
Comparability Between		Household Income in 1979	B 8
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Data on Householders of	0 5	Comparability With 1970	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Census Income Data	B 8
Comparability With 1970		Poverty Status in 1919	B 8
Census Data on House		.,	
holders of Spanish Origin		GENERAL	
and Householders of	B=5	GENERAL	
Spanish Hentage	D S	The 1980 census was conducted p	zlm.mn
UTILIZATION	B 6	through self-enumeration. The p	
CHARACTERISTICS	D U	transfer and transfer of the transfer of	,

determinant for the responses was. therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also in cluded is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures of tended for residential use teig a one family home, apartment house frote comotel, boarding house mobile home of trailer. However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for represidential use teig the rooms may warehouse where a might qualid lives as well as in boats, tents living etc.

Housing Units — A housing unit is a house an apartment a group of looms or a stagle room loccupied as a separate (x) a quarters or if vacant intended follow cupancy as a separate (x) na quarters are those in which the occupants (x) and cat separate (x) on

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data—Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only".

For rent. Vacant year round units of lered "For rent," and vacant units of fered either for rent or for sale.

Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E)

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4 for the person listed in column 1 of the census question naire (see appendix 1). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau refects self-identification by respondents, it does not denote any clear cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian,"

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" ulation and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/
Hispanic origin or descent of householder
were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of
the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures per formed for the Spanish engin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80.1 A series) present data based on 100 percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appen dix D, " Accuracy of the Data "

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthli, owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970 Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanishi Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category Furthermore the designations "Mexican American" and "Chicano were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5 percent sample of the population in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by households of Spanish heritage in the 1970 census the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix F)

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Pessenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix F)

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix F)

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E)

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income. Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and-all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports. Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports. General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction) $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{$

Size of Family Unit	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren unde	r 18 years			_
Size of ramily unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686								
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	• • •					• • •	
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • • •	• • •		•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •
2 persons	4,723	4,723								
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000			• • •				
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	• • •	• • • •	• • •		• • • •	• • •	• • •
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844						
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382					
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16, 144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024

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Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country. one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C: and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates

Se
$$\{x+y\}$$
 = Se $\{x-y\} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this cation were obtained from an ite ratio estimation procedure which res in the assignment of a weight to sample person or housing unit re For any given tabulation area, a cl teristic total was estimated by sum the weights assigned to the perso housing units in the tabulation area possessed the characteristic. Estima family or household characteristics based on the weights assigned to family members designated as h holders. Each sample person or ho unit record was assigned exactly weight to be used to produce estima all characteristics. For example, i weight given to a sample perso housing unit had the value fiv characteristics of that person or he unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county In small counties with a boundaries. sample count of less than 400 persons. the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children

		Under 18
	1	2 persons in housing unit
publi-	2	3 persons in housing unit
erative	3	4 persons in housing unit
sulted	4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
each	5	8 or more persons in housing
ecord.		unit
harac-		
nming		Persons in Housing Units With a
		Family Without Own Children
ons or which		Under 18
	6-10	2 persons in housing unit
ates of		through 8 or more persons
were		in housing unit
o the		in roading diff
house-		Persons in All Other Housing
ousing		Units
y one	11	1 person in housing unit
ates of	12-16	
if the	12-10	2 persons in housing unit
on or		through 8 or more persons
e, all		in housing unit
ousing	4.72	0
ight of	17	Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

9-16

Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race											
	Persons of Spanish Origin											
	Male											
1	0 to 4 years of age											
2	5 to 14 years of age											
3	15 to 19 years of age											
4	20 to 24 years of age											
5	25 to 34 years of age											
6	35 to 44 years of age											
7	45 to 64 years of age											
8	65 years of age or older											
	Female											

Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Same age categories as

groups 1 to 8

Black Race
33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family
	Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
·	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
ŀ	Renter
	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	### Rent Categories ### \$1 to \$59 ### \$60 to \$99 ### \$100 to \$149 ### \$150 to \$199 ### \$200 to \$249 ### \$250 to \$299 ### \$300 to \$399 ### \$400 to \$499 ### \$500+ ### Other Renter ### No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124 -	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

1	Vacant for Rent
2	Vacant for Sale
3	Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated persons being for submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the question naire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated				•			Slze	e of public	ation area	2/				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - - -	16 21 30 35 - -	16 22 35 45 55 -	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95	16 22 35 50 70 110 140	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 210	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230 250	250 310	270 340	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310 - - - - -	510 550 - -	570 630 790 - - -	590 670 970 1 120 - -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage													
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4,0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

p = Estimated percentage

²/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.0	0.8	0.5
Tenure	1. 1	0.9	0.6
Units in structure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Stories in structure	1.0	0.7	0.5
Passenger elevator	1.0	0.7	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	1.0	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Air conditioning	1.3	1.0	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	0.9	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for			
exclusive use with 1.01 persons per			
room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units	
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample
The SMSA	61 360	15.9
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Chico city	11 086	15.9

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Appendix E. — Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other wee	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or vard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable	
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing	
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store	
Oil company	Retail gas station	
Ranch	Cattle ranch	

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

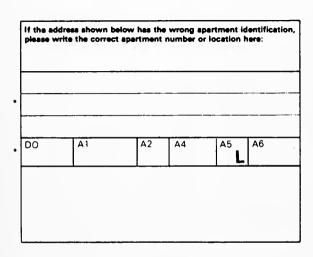
INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The cenaus is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20

Please continue

Here are the These are the columns		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2			
OUESTIONS	for ANSWERS	Last name	Last rome			
↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle is			
in column in Fill one circle If "Other relations in the second in the s	person related to the person 1? t. ntive" of person in column 1, ationship, such as mother-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife			
Sex Fill one	e circle.	O Male	○ Male			
4. Is this person		 White Black or Negro Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 	 White Black or Negro Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe → 			
. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday f	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday			
a. Print age at	last birthday.	1 • 8 0 5 0 5 0	1 0 8 0 0 0 0			
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0			
c. Print year in below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth	birth			
. Marital state	us	Now married	Now married			
Fill one circle		Widowed	Widowed Never married Divorced			
7. Is this person origin or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic			
attended re any time? kindergarten, e.	lary 1. 1980, has this person in gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.		No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related			
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
person is in.	fing school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (ocademic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school — Skip question 10			
•	erson finish the highest year) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)			

Page 3

		ER QUESTIONS H1—H12
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20. FOR YOUR	R HOUSEHOLD
First name Middle initial If relative of person in column 1: O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative O Brother/sister	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? O No O Yes, a condominium H10. If this is a one-family house— a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?
If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other Partner, roommate Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? Yes No
O Male Female O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. No	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for it it were for sale?
Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe —	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters 5 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is — A mobile home or trailer A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
a. Age at last birthday	6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters This is a mobile home or trailer	○ Less than \$10,000 ○ \$50,000 to \$54,999 ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ○ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999 ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 ○ \$70,000 to \$74,999 ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 ○ \$75,000 to \$79,999 ○ \$25,000 to \$27,499 ○ \$75,000 to \$79,999 ○ \$25,000 to \$27,499 ○ \$80,000 to \$89,999
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 9 0 9 0	Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	\$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$155,000 to \$149,999 \$440,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more
Now married	shower? Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters — What is the monthly rent?
	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room 0 4 rooms 0 7 rooms 2 rooms 0 5 rooms 0 8 rooms 3 rooms 0 6 rooms 0 9 or more rooms	\$50 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 \$70 to \$79 \$190 to \$199 \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224 \$90 to \$99 \$225 to \$249 \$100 to \$109 \$250 to \$274
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	H8. Are your living quarters — Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	○ \$110 to \$119
Nursery school Climate	II O First form	nits it for — D. Months vacant it for — C Less than 1 month C Lunto 2 months
College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more O O O O O O Never attended school-Skip question 10	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ Continuation C2. Vacancy s I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	status C3, and D. of up to 12 months of up to 2 years of up to 2 years
O Now attending this grade (or year) O Finished this grade (or year) O Did not finish this grade (or year) CENSUS USE ONLY A. O I O N O	6 6 6 6 6 6 Group quarters O Other	to occasional use vacant 1 0 0 Mail return 2 0 0 Pop /F 7 7 8 8 8

	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	Gas: from underground pipes	USE
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke Wood Wood	H22a.
A one-family house detached from any other house	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	000
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity O No five used	III
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 8 8
A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	3 3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes	5 5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood O Coal or coke	6 6 6
A building for 50 or more families	O Gas: bottled tank or i.P. O Wood	7 7 7
O A head head your edge	O Electricity O Other fuel No fuel used	888
A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. O No ruel used	9 9 9
	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?		
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	Gas: from underground pipes coal or coke serving the neighborhood	0 0 0
\circ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 \circ 7 to 12	O Gas: bottled tank or LP O Wood	S S S
○ 4 to 6 ○ 13 or more stories	O Electricity O Other fuel	3 3 3
	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?		5 5 5
O Yes O No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	666
	a. Electricity \$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	2 2 2
15a. Is this building —	C Flactricity not used	8 8 8
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost	9 9 9
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas s oo or o Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Gas not used	000
	Average monthly cost	1 1 1
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	8 8 8
from this place amount to —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
○ Less than \$50 (or None) ○ \$250 to \$599 ○ \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	999
○ \$50 to \$249	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 6 6
16. Do you get water from —		8 8 8
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen fecilities	9 9 9
An individual drilled well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	
 An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)? 	O Yes O No	H22d.
Some dater source (a spring, creek, firet, distern, etc.):		0000
17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	5555
Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	3333
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	9999
O No, use other means	○` 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	5555
18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and	2 2 2 2
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	8888
O 1975 to 1978 O 1950 to 1959 O 1939 or earlier	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	9999
0 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	1 complete bathroom	0000
this house (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	1111
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959	2 or more complete bathrooms	8888
0 1975 to 1978 0 1949 or earlier	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3 3 3 3
○ 1970 to 1974	O Yes O No	9999
O 1960 to 1969	O res O NO	5555
20. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	6666
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	2 7.7 7
	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	8888
Steam or hot water system	Yes, 2 or more individual room units	2229
_		
Steam or hot water system	O No	0000
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms		0000
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	1111
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?	1111
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None 2 automobiles	1111
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?	1111
 Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) 	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 1 automobile O 3 or more automobiles	1111 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 2 automobiles O 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 2 automobiles O 1 automobile O 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6

OUR HOUSEHOLD	l
lease answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family house hich you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —	
A mobile home or trailer	
a A havea an 10 ay maya sayaa	
If any of these, or if yo	ou rent your unit or this is a skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.
A house with a commercial establishment	
or medical office on the property) It were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	e How much is your total variety monthly navince to the lander?
at were the real estate taxes on tims property last year:	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also Include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding
\$.00 OR O None	second or junior mortgages on this property.
	\$.00 OR O No regular payment required — Skip
is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	
	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include
.00 OR O None	payments for real estate taxes on this property?
	Yes, taxes included in payment
you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar it on <u>this</u> property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include
Yes, contract to purchase	payments tor fire and hazard insurance on this property?
No — Skip to page 6	O . Yes, insurance included in payment
ou have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance
Yes O No	
_	Please turn to page 6
FOR CENS	SUS USE ONLY .
FOR CENS	1 2. 4. 2 2. 4. 3 2 4
FOR CENS	① 2. 4. ② 2. 4. ③ 2 4
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FOR CENS	3 2 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

age 6							A	NSWER	THESE (QUESTIC	NS FC
Name of Person 1 on page 2: Let name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	17. In	O Born Ple O Born Tu n April 197	duty in the College?	1965 — th questions r later — tige for next p r ago) was ti	erson nis person —	1	time of (Count such a or hel a fam Also		vork papers, pay in priam.	o — Fill this if this is did not or did houser school or volu work.	person t work, only own work, work,
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc. 12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States? Yes, a naturalized citizen	18a. I	Working a O Yes, f O Yes, p	t a job or b ull time O art time	No	-duty military	(a	ow many ho it all jobs)? ubtract any ti			extra hours	
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay? 1975 to 1980 0 1965 to 1969 0 1950 to 1959	b. '	f service wasee instructi O Yes Was active	s In National on guide. O e-duty milit	No — Skij	to 19	If the whe	what location is person wo tre he or she was ne location co	rked at more vorked most annot be spec	than one le last week. :ified, see in	ocation, prin	nt uide.
 1970 to 1974		O Vietna O Febru O Korea O World	War II (Sept War I (April	ust 1964–Ap uly 1964 une 1950–Jo tember 1940	nnuary 1955) -July 1947)	If sh	street oddress opping center	s is not know r, or other p	m, enter the	e building nation descrip	ame,
(For example – Chinese, Italian, Sponish, etc.) c. How well does this person speak English? O Very well O Not well Well O Not at all	he m a. Li b. P	ealth cond nonths and imits the k of work the revents this	lition which I which ind or amou nis person c s person fro	has lasted nt an do at a jo m working a	rental, or other for 6 or more Yes No ob? out a job? out a job?	lir (the place onits of that Yes	city, town, v	de the inc village, bo in uninco	orporated rough, etc rporated ar	(legal) .? ea
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran	20. If Ho	from using this person ow many bad, not count count	events this pag public transfer a female — sabies has santing still be the sadopted to the sad	No. She ever irths?	one 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more	e. St 24a. <u>La</u>		w long did	f. ZIP Cod	detake this p	
Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	21. // a. H b. W	o Once	year	n married — married mo More than o	re than once?	lf us	ow did this this person usually used for	sed more tha	n one meth	work last od, give the	
of residence there. Born April 1975 or later – Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house – Skip to 16	c. If	nd becaus	(Year) ore than once e of the de	(Month) — Did the hath of the h	marriage? (Year) first marriage usband (or wife)?	(Truck Van Bus or str Railroad Subway or uck, or van in 	r elevated	O Work	-	
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. No.	○ Yes 11. □ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □	13b. 0 0 0 I I I	No	FOR CENSU 14. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	Otherwis S USE 0 15b.	NLY	23.	000	0 VL 0 0 0 1 I I	24a. Ø Ø I I
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	2 3 4 5 6 7	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7	2 6 8 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7		2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7	3 3 3 3 7 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7	2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7	234567
of that city, town, village, etc.? O Yes O No, in unincorporated area	0	888 999	888		888 888	999	3 888 9 9 9 9	888	999	888 999	88

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c. When going to work last week, did this person usually -	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few CENSUS USE ONLY
O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	USE	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	○ Yes ○ No - Skip to 31d 31b. 31c. 31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100	00 00 00
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 1 1	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?
0 2 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	044	
After answering 24d, skip to 28.		Weeks 55!55!55
Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	1" 6 6	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did
or business last week?	0 7 7	this person usually work each week?
' O Yes, on layoff	IV 🙁 🙁	1 88 8
O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	099	Hours 9999
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks 32a.
	-	The state of the s
.Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?	1 I	
→ ○ Yes ○ No Skip to 27	5 5	Weeks I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Could this nevern have taken a job last week?	3.3	
could this person have taken a job last week?	9-9-	32. Income in 1979 — 33333 3
O No, already has a job	5.5	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.
No, temporarily ill No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	66	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income
Yes, could have taken a job	7 7	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.
Tes, could have taken a job	88	8888888
. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	20	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the following sources?
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974	28.	A O O A
O 1979 O 1975 to 1977 O 1969 or earlier	A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below – How much did this 32c. 32d.
O Never worked	000	person receive for the entire year?
-30. Current or most recent job activity	1	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	dues, or other items.
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	O Yes → \$ 00 9 + + 9 . 9 + +
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars) 5 7 5 5 1 7 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
last job or business since 197S.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional
. Industry	000	practice Report net income after business expenses.
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		■ O Yes → \$.00 1991199
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	O No.
	III	(Annual amount – Dollars)
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	ê c.	c. Own farm
	} ≺	Report <u>net</u> income after operating expenses. Include earnings as
b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed.	9- 9	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.
Describe the activity at location where employed,	, '	○ Yes → \$
	6.6	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)		Report even small amounts credited to an account.
c. Is this mainly — (FIII one circle)		Yes - 5 00 271 7.
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF O	No (Annual amount – Dollars)
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	NM ∪	
Occupation		e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	○ Yes → \$ 00 32g. 33
	NPQ	(Annual amount – Dollars)
/c.	000	6 Symplemental Security (SSI) Aid to Familia with
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments
	UVW	2 4 4 4
	0 0 0	() No
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)		(Annual amount – Dollars)
Was this person — (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments.
Employee of private company, business, or	1 0 0 0	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	0.0	of income received regularly
	1 1	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance
Federal government employee	, ,	or the sale of a home.
0	3 3 3	() Yes - \$ 00 () () () () () () () () ()
State government employee	17 () 17.	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)
State government employee	71 70 71	
	5 4 5	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	1	Add entries in questions 32a
Local government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or larm — Own business not incorporated	1, , 1,	Add entries in questions 320
Local government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	(, (, (,	Add entries in questions 32a

i c r v F c · c s ti c F e 1 E

Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

SENEDAL	г 1	BUBLICATIONS C
GENERAL		PUBLICATIONS—Con.
PUBLICATIONS	r-1	HC80-5, Volume
Population and Housing Census		tial Finance
Reports	F-1	HC80-S1-1, Suppl
PHC80-1, Block Statistics		Reports
PHC80-2, Census Tracts	F-2	Evaluation and Refer
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		Reports
teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluat
Units and Standard Metro-		Research Report
politan Statistical Areas	F-2	PHC80-R, Referen
PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R1, Us
Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R2, His
Congress	F-2	PHC80-R3, AI
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional		Index of Indu
Estimates of Social, Eco-		Occupations
nomic, and Housing		PHCBO-R4, Cla
Characteristics	F-2	Index of Indu
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-		Occupations
mates of Social, Economic,		PHC80-R5, Ge
and Housing Characteristics.	F-2	Identification
Population Census Reports	F-2	Scheme
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		
teristics of the Population	F-2	COMPUTER TAPES .
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ber of Inhabitants	F-2	STF 1
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	' -	STF 2
Population Characteristics	F-2	STF 3
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	· -	STF 4
Social and Economic		STF 5
Characteristics	F-3	Other Computer Tap
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	. •	P.L. 94-171, Popu
Detailed Population		Counts
Characteristics	F_3	Master Area Refe
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		1 and 2 (MARF)
Reports	F_3	Geographic Base
PC80-S1, Supplementary	1-3	Independent Ma
Reports	E 3	(GBF/DIME)
	_	Public-Use Microc
Housing Census Reports	1-3	Samples
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	F-3	Census/EEO Spec
teristics of Housing Units	1 –3	MAPS
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MICROFICHE
General Housing	E 2	
Characteristics	1 –3	STF 1 Microfiche .
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,		STF 3 Microfiche .
Detailed Housing	F3	P.L. 94-171 Counts (
Characteristics	1 –3	
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-		
politan Housing	- •	GENERAL
Characteristics	F-3	GLIVENAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	F 0	The results of the 198
Reports	F-3	lation and Housing a
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	5 0	forms: printed report
nents of Inventory Change	-3	Torms, printed report

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
tial Finance	F4
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PHC80-R2, History	F-4
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STF 1 Microfiche	F-5
STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche.	F-5
T.E. 34-171 Coditts interofferer .	

NERAL

results of the 1980 Census of Popun and Housing are issued in three s: printed reports, computer tape files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area. chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report 1 Report 11 has two parts. Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1. Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the (sample), PC80-1-C, PHC80-2 HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

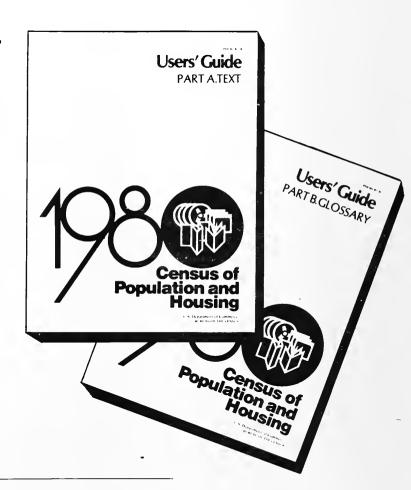
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.

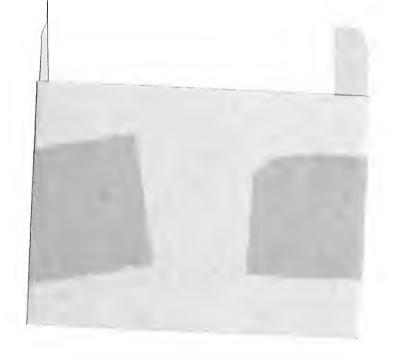


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Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

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